### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### Form 10-Q

			Form 10	I-Q	
(Marl	•				
X	Quarterly Report Pursi	uant to Section 13	or 15(d) of the Securities  For the Quarterly Period end  Or		
	<b>Transition Report Purs</b>	uant to Section 13	3 or 15(d) of the Securitie	s Exchange Act of 1934	
			For the Transition Period fro Commission file number		
			GENPACT L		
	,				
	(State or	Bermuda other jurisdiction of tion or organization)		98-0533350 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	
	(Add	dress, including zip code	Canon's Co 22 Victoria S Hamilton HN Bermuda (441) 294-80 , and telephone number, including	treet M 12	
		ths (or for such shor		d to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exwas required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject	
Regul ⊠ No	ation S-T (§232.405 of this of			very Interactive Data File required to be submitted purs ich shorter period that the registrant was required to sub	
		the definitions of "l		accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller repor erated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerg	
Larg	e accelerated filer	$\boxtimes$		Accelerated filer	
Non-	accelerated filer			Smaller reporting company	
Eme	ging growth company				
new c			eck mark if the registrant has I pursuant to Section 13(a) of	elected not to use the extended transition period for conthe Exchange Act. $\Box$	nplying with any
	Indicate by check mark wh	ether the registrant is	s a shell company (as defined	in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes $\square$ No $\boxtimes$	
		Secu	urities registered pursuant to S	Section 12(b) of the Act:	
	Title of e	ach class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered	

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As of May 2, 2019, there were 189,973,506 common shares, par value \$0.01 per share, of the registrant issued and outstanding.

New York Stock Exchange

Common shares, par value \$0.01 per share

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### GENPACT LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

### Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share data and share count)

	Notes	As of December 31, 2018		As of March 31, 2019		
Assets	110103				2010	
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	4	\$	368,396	\$	325,377	
Accounts receivable, net	5		774,184		838,992	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	8		212,477		230,175	
Total current assets		\$	1,355,057	\$	1,394,544	
Property, plant and equipment, net	9		212,715		206,820	
Operating lease right-of-use assets					266,947	
Deferred tax assets	24		74,566		78,607	
Investment in equity affiliates	25		836		852	
Intangible assets, net	10		177,087		173,472	
Goodwill	10		1,393,832		1,400,212	
Contract cost assets	19		160,193		180,803	
Other assets			155,159		202,557	
Total assets		\$	3,529,445	\$	3,904,814	
			_		_	
Liabilities and equity						
Current liabilities						
Short-term borrowings	11	\$	295,000	\$	320,000	
Current portion of long-term debt	12		33,483		34,016	
Accounts payable			42,584		29,494	
Income taxes payable	24		33,895		49,929	
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	13		571,350		536,048	
Operating leases liability			-		42,294	
Total current liabilities		\$	976,312	\$	1,011,781	
T 11.1	10		085.645		066.070	
Long-term debt, less current portion	12		975,645		966,873	
Operating leases liability	2.4		- 0.000		251,712	
Deferred tax liabilities	24		8,080		8,409	
Other liabilities	14	<u></u>	165,226		170,870	
Total liabilities		\$	2,125,263	\$	2,409,645	
Shareholders' equity						
Preferred shares, \$0.01 par value, 250,000,000 authorized, none issued			_		_	
Common shares, \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 authorized, 189,346,101 and 189,659,709 issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, respectively			1,888		1,891	
Additional paid-in capital			1,471,301		1,493,706	
Retained earnings			438,453		483,175	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)			(507,460)		(483,603)	
Total equity		\$	1,404,182	\$	1,495,169	
Commitments and contingencies	27	ψ	1,404,102	φ	1,433,103	
Total liabilities and equity	21	¢	3,529,445	\$	3,904,814	
тоган наотниев ани ечину		\$	3,325,445	Φ	3,504,014	

### GENPACT LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Income

(Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share data and share count)

		 Three months ended March 31,					
	Notes	2018		2019			
Net revenues	19,25	\$ 688,912	\$	809,206			
Cost of revenue	20, 25	 444,324		519,137			
Gross profit		\$ 244,588	\$	290,069			
Operating expenses:							
Selling, general and administrative expenses	21,25	171,109		191,402			
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	10	9,936		8,509			
Other operating (income) expense, net	22	 (218)		86			
Income from operations		\$ 63,761	\$	90,072			
Foreign exchange gains (losses), net		4,798		(3,432)			
Interest income (expense), net	23	(8,100)		(11,123)			
Other income (expense), net	26	15,550		3,803			
Income before equity-method investment activity, net and income tax expense		\$ 76,009	\$	79,320			
Equity-method investment activity, net		-		4			
Income before income tax expense		\$ 76,009	\$	79,324			
Income tax expense	24	12,075		18,483			
Net income		\$ 63,934	\$	60,841			
Net loss attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest		761		-			
Net income attributable to Genpact Limited shareholders		\$ 64,695	\$	60,841			
Net income available to Genpact Limited common shareholders		\$ 64,695	\$	60,841			
Earnings per common share attributable to Genpact Limited common shareholders	18						
Basic		\$ 0.34	\$	0.32			
Diluted		\$ 0.33	\$	0.31			
Weighted average number of common shares used in computing earnings per common							
share attributable to Genpact Limited common shareholders	18						
Basic		192,816,626		189,451,845			
Diluted		196,288,569		193,394,208			

### GENPACT LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

Three months ended March 31,

		2018				2019	
	Genpact Limited Shareholders			Redeemable Non- controlling interest	Genpact Limited Shareholders		
Net income (loss)	\$	64,695	\$	(761)	\$	60,841	
Other comprehensive income:							
Currency translation adjustments		(9,335)		(424)		10,491	
Net income (loss) on cash flow hedging derivatives, net of taxes							
(Note 7)		(18,932)		_		13,156	
Retirement benefits, net of taxes		513		_		210	
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(27,754)		(424)		23,857	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	36,941	\$	(1,185)	\$	84,698	

# GENPACT LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Equity and Redeemable Non-controlling Interest (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share count)

	Common sha					Accumulated Other		Redeemable
	No. of Shares	Amount	Additional Paid- in Capital		tained rnings	Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Equity	non-controlling interest
Balance as of January 1, 2018	192,825,207	\$ 1,924			355,982 \$			\$ 4,750
Adoption of ASU 2014-09			-	_	17,924		17,924	
Adjusted balance as of January 1, 2018	192,825,207	1,924	1,421,30	<b>8</b> 3	373,906	(355,230)	1,441,968	4,750
Adoption of ASU 2018-02 (Note 7)	_	_	-	_	(2,265)	2,265	_	_
Issuance of common shares on exercise of								
options (Note 16)	161,837	2	2,54	19	_	-	2,551	-
Issuance of common shares under the								
employee stock purchase plan (Note 16)	58,476	1	1,65	50	_	_	1,651	
Net settlement on vesting of restricted share								
units (Note 16)	55,631	1		(1)	_	_	-	_
Net settlement on vesting of performance								
units (Note 16)	691,958	7	( - )	,	_	_	(13,284)	_
Stock repurchased and retired (Note 17)	(3,179,974)	(32)	) 4,00	00	(99,952)	_	(95,984)	_
Expenses related to stock repurchase (Note								
17)	_	_	-	_	(60)	_	(60)	
Stock-based compensation expense (Note								
16)	_	_	7,78	37	_	_	7,787	-
Acquisition of redeemable non- controlling								
interest	_	_	(1,10	55)	_	_	(1,165)	(3,565)
Comprehensive income (loss):								
Net income (loss)	_	_	-	_	64,695	_	64,695	(761)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_	_	-	_	_	(27,754)	(27,754)	(424)
Dividend (\$0.075 per common share, Note								
17)			-		(14,408)		(14,408)	
Balance as of March 31, 2018	190,613,135	\$ 1,903	\$ 1,422,89	9 \$ 3	321,916 \$	(380,719)	\$ 1,365,997	<u> </u>

#### GENPACT LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

### Consolidated Statements of Equity and Redeemable Non-controlling Interest (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share count)

	No. of Shares	Amount	Additional Paid- in Capital		Retained Earnings				Total Equity
Balance as of January 1, 2019	189,346,101	\$ 1,888	\$	1,471,301	\$	438,453	\$	(507,460)	\$ 1,404,182
Issuance of common shares on exercise of options									
(Note 16)	135,535	1		2,658					2,659
Issuance of common shares under the employee									
stock purchase plan (Note 16)	64,869	1		1,939		_		_	1,940
Net settlement on vesting of restricted share units									
(Note 16)	113,204	1		(653)		_			(652)
Net settlement on vesting of performance units (Note									
16)	_	_		_		_		_	_
Stock repurchased and retired (Note 17)	_	_		_		_		_	_
Expenses related to stock repurchase (Note 17)	_	_		_		_		_	_
Stock-based compensation expense (Note 16)	_	_		18,461		_		_	18,461
Comprehensive income (loss):									
Net income (loss)	_	_		_		60,841		_	60,841
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_	_		_		_		23,857	23,857
Dividend (\$0.085 per common share, Note 17)	_	_		_		(16,119)		_	(16,119)
Balance as of March 31, 2019	189,659,709	\$ 1,891	\$	1,493,706	\$	483,175	\$	(483,603)	\$ 1,495,169

#### GENPACT LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) (In thousands)

(in diousulus)			s ended March 31,		
		2018		2019	
Operating activities					
Net income attributable to Genpact Limited shareholders	\$	64,695	\$	60,841	
Net loss attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest		(761)	<b>.</b>	_	
Net income	\$	63,934	\$	60,841	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		4= 000		24.040	
Depreciation and amortization		15,836		21,919	
Amortization of debt issuance costs (including loss on extinguishment of debt)		488		443	
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		9,936		8,509	
Reserve for doubtful receivables		(103)		2,026	
Unrealized loss (gain) on revaluation of foreign currency asset/liability		(8,525)		257	
Equity-method investment activity, net				(4)	
Stock-based compensation expense		7,787		18,461	
Deferred income taxes		(4,625)		(5,522)	
Others, net		(28)		(504)	
Change in operating assets and liabilities:					
Increase in accounts receivable		(6,025)		(64,763)	
Increase in prepaid expenses, other current assets, contract cost assets, operating lease right-of-use assets and other					
assets		(37,008)		(36,220)	
Decrease in accounts payable		(1,224)		(12,189)	
Decrease in accrued expenses, other current liabilities, operating lease liabilities and other liabilities		(77,734)		(12,087)	
Increase in income taxes payable		9,969		13,417	
Net cash used for operating activities	\$	(27,322)	\$	(5,416)	
Investing activities					
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(18,706)		(14,072)	
Payment for internally generated intangible assets (including intangibles under development)		(4,365)		(7,914)	
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		144		1,478	
Payment for business acquisitions, net of cash acquired		_		(6,305)	
Payment for purchase of redeemable non-controlling interest		(4,730)		<u> </u>	
Net cash used for investing activities	\$	(27,657)	\$	(26,813)	
Financing activities			'		
Repayment of capital/finance lease obligations		(537)		(1,780)	
Repayment of long-term debt		(10,000)		(8,500)	
Proceeds from short-term borrowings		105,000		50,000	
Repayment of short-term borrowings		_		(25,000)	
Proceeds from issuance of common shares under stock-based compensation plans		4,202		4,599	
Payment for net settlement of stock-based awards		(13,284)		(652)	
Payment of earn-out/deferred consideration		(1,476)		(8,400)	
Dividend paid		(14,408)		(16,119)	
Payment for stock repurchased and retired		(95,984)		_	
Payment for expenses related to stock repurchase		(60)		_	
Net cash used for financing activities	\$	(26,547)	\$	(5,852)	
Effect of exchange rate changes		1,284	-	(4,938)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(81,526)		(38,081)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		504,468		368,396	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	\$	424,226	\$	325,377	
Supplementary information	-		<del>-</del>	0_0,077	
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$	13,194	\$	8,486	
Cash paid during the period for income taxes	\$	24,157	Ψ	19,286	
Property, plant and equipment acquired under capital lease obligations	\$	297	\$	-	
1.0yen.j, pana and equipment acquired under capital least obligations	Ψ	237	Ψ	-	

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 1. Organization

The Company is a global professional services firm that drives digitally-led innovation and runs digitally-enabled intelligent operations for its clients, guided by its experience running thousands of processes for hundreds of Fortune Global 500 clients. The Company has over 87,000 employees serving clients in key industry verticals from more than 25 countries.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

#### (a) Basis of preparation and principles of consolidation

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) for interim financial information and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for reporting on Form 10-Q. Accordingly, they do not include certain information and note disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles for annual financial reporting and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments that management considers necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations for these periods. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year.

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a consolidated basis and reflect the financial statements of Genpact Limited, a Bermuda company, and all of its subsidiaries that are more than 50% owned and controlled. When the Company does not have a controlling interest in an entity but exerts significant influence on the entity, the Company applies the equity method of accounting. All intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated in consolidation.

Non-controlling interest in subsidiaries that is redeemable outside of the Company's control for cash or other assets is reflected in the mezzanine section between liabilities and equity in the consolidated balance sheets at the redeemable value, which approximates fair value. Redeemable non-controlling interest is adjusted to its fair value at each balance sheet date. Any resulting increases or decreases in the estimated redemption amount are affected by corresponding changes to additional paid-in capital. The Company's share of non-controlling interest in subsidiary earnings is reflected in net loss (income) attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest in the consolidated statements of income.

#### (b) Use of estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the useful lives of property, plant and equipment, intangibles and goodwill, revenue recognition, reserves for doubtful receivables, valuation allowances for deferred tax assets, valuations of derivative financial instruments, the measurement of lease liabilities and right-of-use (ROU) assets, measurements of stock-based compensation, assets and obligations related to employee benefits, the nature and timing of the satisfaction of performance obligations, the standalone selling price of performance obligations, variable consideration, other obligations for revenue recognition, income tax uncertainties and other contingencies.

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are reasonable. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates. Any changes in estimates are adjusted prospectively in the Company's consolidated financial statements.

#### (c) Business combinations, goodwill and other intangible assets

The Company accounts for its business combinations using the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with ASC 805, Business Combinations, by recognizing the identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed, and any non-controlling interest in the acquired business, measured at their acquisition date fair values. Contingent consideration is included within the acquisition cost and is recognized at its fair value on the acquisition date. A liability resulting from contingent consideration is remeasured to fair value as of each reporting date until the contingency is resolved. Changes in fair value are recognized in earnings. All assets and liabilities of the acquired businesses, including goodwill, are assigned to reporting units. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred under selling, general and administrative expenses.

Goodwill represents the cost of acquired businesses in excess of the fair value of identifiable tangible and intangible net assets purchased. Goodwill is not amortized but is tested for impairment at least on an annual basis on December 31, based on a number of factors, including operating results, business plans and future cash flows. The Company performs an assessment of qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events or circumstances leads to a determination that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. Based on the assessment of events or circumstances, the Company performs a quantitative assessment of goodwill impairment if it determines that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If, based on the quantitative impairment analysis, the carrying value of the goodwill of a reporting unit exceeds the fair value of such goodwill, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to the excess. In addition, the Company performs a qualitative assessment of goodwill impairment between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying amount. See Note 10 for information and related disclosures.

Intangible assets acquired individually or with a group of other assets or in a business combination and developed internally are carried at cost less accumulated amortization based on their estimated useful lives as follows:

Customer-related intangible assets	1-14 years
Marketing-related intangible assets	1-10 years
Technology-related intangible assets	2-8 years
Other intangible assets	3-5 years

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives using a method of amortization that reflects the pattern in which the economic benefits of the intangible assets are consumed or otherwise realized.

In business combinations where the fair value of identifiable tangible and intangible net assets purchased exceeds the cost of the acquired business, the Company recognizes the resulting gain under "Other operating (income) expense, net" in the consolidated statements of income.

#### (d) Financial instruments and concentration of credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk are reflected principally in cash and cash equivalents, derivative financial instruments and accounts receivable. The Company places its cash and cash equivalents and derivative financial instruments with corporations and banks with high investment grade ratings, limits the amount of credit exposure with any one corporation or bank and conducts ongoing evaluations of the creditworthiness of the corporations and banks with which it does business. To reduce its credit risk on accounts receivable, the Company conducts ongoing credit evaluations of its clients. GE accounted for 11% and 14% of receivables as of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, respectively. GE accounted for 8% and 13% of total revenue for the three month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2019, respectively.

#### (e) Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at the invoiced or to be invoiced amount and do not bear interest. Amounts collected on trade accounts receivable are included in net cash provided by operating activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows. The Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts for estimated losses inherent in its accounts receivable portfolio. In establishing the required allowance, management considers historical losses adjusted to take into account current market conditions and clients' financial condition, the amount of receivables in dispute, and the current receivables' aging and current payment patterns. Account balances are charged off against the allowance after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote. The Company does not have any off-balance sheet credit exposure related to its clients.

#### (f) Revenue Recognition

The Company derives its revenue primarily from business process outsourcing and information technology services, which are provided primarily on a time-and-material, transaction or fixed-price basis. The Company recognizes revenue when the promised services are delivered to customers for an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those services. Revenues from services rendered under time-andmaterial and transaction-based contracts are recognized as the services are provided. The Company's fixed-price contracts include contracts for application development, maintenance and support services. Revenues from these contracts are recognized ratably over the term of the agreement. The Company accrues for revenue and unbilled receivables for services rendered between the last billing date and the balance sheet date.

The Company's customer contracts sometimes also include incentive payments received for discrete benefits delivered or promised to be delivered to clients or service level agreements that could result in credits or refunds to the client. Revenues relating to such arrangements are accounted for as variable consideration when the amount of revenue to be recognized can be estimated to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal of any incremental revenue will not occur.

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

The Company records deferred revenue attributable to certain process transition activities where such activities do not represent separate performance obligations. Revenues relating to such transition activities are classified under contract liabilities and subsequently recognized ratably over the period in which the related services are performed. Costs relating to such transition activities are fulfillment costs which are directly related to the contract and result in the generation or enhancement of resources. Such costs are expected to be recoverable under the contract and are therefore classified as contract cost assets and recognized ratably over the estimated expected period of benefit under cost of revenue.

Revenues are reported net of value-added tax, business tax and applicable discounts and allowances. Reimbursements of out-of-pocket expenses received from clients have been included as part of revenues.

Revenue for performance obligations that are satisfied over time is recognized in accordance with the methods prescribed for measuring progress. The input (effort or cost expended) method has been used to measure progress towards completion as there is a direct relationship between input and productivity. Provisions for estimated losses, if any, on uncompleted contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the current contract estimates.

The Company enters into multiple-element revenue arrangements in which a client may purchase a combination of products or services. Revenue from multiple-element arrangements is recognized, for each element, based on an allocation of the transaction price to each performance obligation on a relative standalone basis.

Certain contracts may include offerings such as sale of licenses, which may be perpetual or subscription-based. Revenue from distinct perpetual licenses is recognized upfront at the point in time when the software is made available to the client. Revenue from distinct subscription based licenses is recognized at the point in time it is transferred to the client. Revenue from any associated maintenance or ongoing support services is recognized ratably over the term of the contract. For a combined software license/services performance obligation, revenue is recognized over the period that the services are performed.

All incremental and direct costs incurred for acquiring contracts, such as certain sales commissions, are classified as contract cost assets. Such costs are amortized over the expected period of benefit and recorded under selling, general and administrative expenses.

Other upfront fees paid to clients are classified as contract assets. Such costs are amortized over the expected period of benefit and recorded as an adjustment to the transaction price and subtracted from revenue.

Timing of revenue recognition may differ from the timing of invoicing. If a payment is received in respect of services prior to the delivery of services, the payment is recognized as an advance from a client and classified as a contract liability. Contract assets and contract liabilities relating to the same client contract are offset against each other and presented on a net basis in the consolidated financial statements.

#### Significant judgements

The Company often enters into contracts with clients that include promises to transfer multiple products and services to the client. Determining whether products and services are considered distinct performance obligations that should be accounted for separately rather than together may require significant judgment.

Judgment is also required to determine the standalone selling price for each distinct performance obligation. In instances where the standalone selling price is not directly observable, it is determined using information that may include market conditions and other observable inputs.

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Client contracts sometimes include incentive payments received for discrete benefits delivered to clients or service level agreements that could result in credits or refunds to the client. Such amounts are estimated at contract inception and are adjusted at the end of each reporting period as additional information becomes available only to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal of any incremental revenue will not occur.

#### (q) Changes in accounting policies

Except as described below, the Company has applied accounting policies consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements. The Company adopted Accounting Standards Codification Topic 842, Leases ("Topic 842"), effective January 1, 2019. The Company applied Topic 842 using the modified retrospective adoption approach, which involves recognizing new right-of-use ("ROU") assets and lease liabilities in its statement of financial position for various operating leases. Therefore, comparative information has not been adjusted and continues to be reported under ASC Topic 840.

As a result of the Company's adoption of this new standard, all leases are classified as either operating leases or finance leases and are recorded on the balance sheet. The accounting for finance leases (capital leases under ASC 840) is substantially unchanged. The Company has elected the "package of practical expedients," which allows the Company not to reassess, under the new standard, its prior conclusions about lease identification, lease classification and initial direct costs. The Company has also elected the practical expedients to not separate lease and non-lease components for all of its leases and to use the recognition exemptions for lease contracts that, at the commencement date, have a lease term of 12 months or less and do not contain a purchase option ("short-term leases"). As of January 1, 2019, the date of the Company's initial application of ASC 842, the Company recognized its lease liabilities measured as the present value of lease payments not yet paid, discounted using the discount rate for the lease as of the date of initial application. The right-of-use asset for each existing lease as of the date of initial application includes an initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made to the lessor at or before the date of initial application, accrued lease payments and any lease incentives received or any initial direct costs incurred by the Company as of the date of initial application. As a result of adoption of the ASC 842, the Company recognized additional lease liabilities of \$328,978, and ROU assets of \$309,687.

#### Leases (effective January 1, 2019)

At the inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. The Company's assessment is based on: (1) whether the contract involves the use of a distinct identified asset, (2) whether the Company obtains the right to substantially all the economic benefit from the use of the asset throughout the term of the contract, and (3) whether the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset. At the inception of a lease, the consideration in the contract is allocated to each lease component based on its relative standalone price to determine the lease payments. Leases entered into prior to January 1, 2019 have been accounted for under ASC 840 and were not reassessed.

Leases are classified as either finance leases or operating leases. A lease is classified as a finance lease if any one of the following criteria are met: (1) the lease transfers ownership of the asset by the end of the lease term, (2) the lease contains an option to purchase the asset that is reasonably certain to be exercised, (3) the lease term is for a major part of the remaining useful life of the asset or (4) the present value of the lease payments equals or exceeds substantially all of the fair value of the asset. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not meet any one of the above criteria.

For all leases at the lease commencement date, a right-of-use asset and a lease liability are recognized. The lease liability represents the present value of the lease payments under the lease. Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments not yet paid, discounted using the discount rate for the lease at lease commencement. The lease liabilities are subsequently measured on an amortized cost basis. The lease liability is adjusted to reflect interest on the liability and the lease payments made during the period. Interest on the lease liability is determined as the amount that results in a constant periodic discount rate on the remaining balance of the liability.

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

The ROU asset represents the right to use the leased asset for the lease term. The ROU asset for each lease initially includes the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement date, accrued lease liabilities and any lease incentives received or any initial direct costs incurred by the Company.

The ROU asset of finance leases is subsequently measured at cost, less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. The ROU asset of operating leases is subsequently measured from the carrying amount of the lease liability at the end of each reporting period, and is therefore equal to the carrying amount of lease liabilities adjusted for (1) unamortized initial direct costs, (2) prepaid/(accrued) lease payments and (3) the unamortized balance of lease incentives received.

Leases with a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date that do not contain a purchase option are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Significant judgements

The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

Under certain of its leases, the Company has a renewal and termination option to lease assets for additional terms between one and five years. The Company applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. The Company considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise the renewal or termination option. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within the Company's control and affects its ability to exercise (or not to exercise) the option to renew or terminate.

The company has applied an incremental borrowing rate for the purpose of computing lease liabilities based on the rate prevailing in different geographies. Upon the Company's adoption of ASC 842, the Company applied an incremental borrowing rate to leases existing as of January 1, 2019, the date of initial application.

#### Impact on consolidated financial statements

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

The following tables summarize the impact of the Company's adoption of Topic 842 on its consolidated financial statements as of January 1, 2019.

	As reported December 31, 2018	Adoption of ASC 842 Increase (Decrease)	Balance as of January 1, 2019
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	212,477	(3,529)1	208,948
Operating lease right-of-use assets	-	273,732	273,732
Other assets: finance lease right-of-use assets	-	35,9556	35,955
Other assets	155,159	$(5,126)^3$	150,033
Property, plant and equipment, net	212,715	(2,343) <sup>2</sup>	210,372
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	571,350	(1,123)4	570,227
Operating leases liability (current)	-	42,200	42,200
Operating leases liability (non-current)	-	258,378	258,378
Other liabilities	165,226	$(767)^5$	164,459

- 1. Includes prepaid rent amounting to \$3,160 and leasehold land amounting to \$369, which have been reclassified to operating lease right-of-use assets and finance lease right-of-use assets, respectively.
- 2. Represents vehicles recognized as capital leases under ASC 840 and reclassified as a finance lease right-of-use asset.
- 3. Includes prepaid rent amounting to \$284 and leasehold land amounting to \$4,842, which have been reclassified to operating lease right-of-use assets and finance lease right-of-use assets, respectively.
- 4. Includes accrued lease liabilities of \$4,562 adjusted with operating lease right-of-use assets offset by additional current portion of finance lease liabilities of \$3,439 recognized upon the adoption of ASC 842.
- 5. Includes accrued lease liabilities of \$25,728 adjusted with operating lease right-of-use assets offset by additional finance lease liabilities of \$24,961 recognized upon the adoption of ASC 842.
- 6. The balance is included in "other assets" in the consolidated balance sheet.

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### (h) Recently issued accounting pronouncements

The authoritative bodies release standards and guidance which are assessed by management for their impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

The Company has adopted the following recently released accounting standards:

The Company adopted ASC Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, with a date of initial application of January 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective method and the revenue recognition significant accounting policy is outlined in section (f) above.

The Company adopted ASC Topic 842, Leases, with a date of initial application of January 1, 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. The cumulative impact of the adoption of this standard has been described in section (g) above.

In March 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-01, Leases (Topic 842): Codification Improvement. The new standard contains several amendments to clarify the codification more generally and/or to correct unintended application of guidance. The changes in the new standard eliminate the requirement for transition disclosures related to Topic 250-10-50-3. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those years. Early application is permitted. In the quarter ended March 31, 2019, the Company adopted ASU 2019-01 effective January 1, 2019 and no prior periods have been adjusted.

In August 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-12, "Derivatives and Hedging." The amendment expands an entity's ability to hedge accounting to nonfinancial and financial risk components and requires changes in the fair value of hedging instruments to be presented in the same income statement line as a hedged item. The ASU also amends the presentation and disclosure requirements for the effect of hedge accounting. The ASU must be adopted using a modified retrospective approach with a cumulative effect adjustment recorded to the opening balance of retained earnings as of the initial application date. The ASU is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2019, including interim periods in the fiscal year 2019. On January 1, 2019, the Company assessed the impact of this ASU and concluded that it does not have any impact on its consolidated results of operations, cash flows, financial position and disclosures.

In addition, the following recently released accounting standards have not yet been adopted by the Company.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Measurement of credit losses on financial instruments." The ASU requires measurement and recognition of expected credit losses for financial assets held by the Company. The ASU is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2020, including interim periods in fiscal year 2020. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of this ASU on its consolidated results of operations, cash flows, financial position and disclosures.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-13, "Disclosure Framework—Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement." The ASU modifies the disclosure requirements with respect to fair value measurements. The ASU is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2020, including interim periods in fiscal year 2020. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of this ASU on its consolidated results of operations, cash flows, financial position and disclosures.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-14, "Disclosure Framework—Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans." The ASU modifies the disclosure requirements with respect to defined benefit pension plans. The ASU is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2021. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of this ASU on its consolidated results of operations, cash flows, financial position and disclosures.

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-15, "Customer's Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement That is a Service Contract." The ASU modifies the capitalization requirements with respect to implementation costs incurred by the customer in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract. The ASU is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2020. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of this ASU on its consolidated results of operations, cash flows, financial position and disclosures.

#### (i) Reclassification

Certain reclassifications have been made in the consolidated financial statements of prior periods to conform to the classification used in the current period. The impact of such reclassifications on the consolidated financial statements is not material.

#### 3. Business acquisitions

#### A. Certain acquisitions

#### (a) riskCanvas Holdings, LLC

On January 7, 2019, the Company acquired 100% of outstanding equity interests in riskCanvas Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, for total purchase consideration of \$5,747. This amount includes cash consideration of \$5,700, net of adjustment for working capital. No portion of the total consideration, payable in cash, was unpaid as of March 31, 2019. This acquisition expands the Company's services in the areas of financial institution fraud, anti-money laundering and financial transaction surveillance and enhances its consulting capabilities for clients in the financial services industry.

In connection with this acquisition, the Company recorded \$1,700 in customer-related intangibles, \$1,400 in software-related intangibles and \$100 in restrictive covenants. Goodwill arising from the acquisition amounted to \$2,547, which has been allocated to the Company's India reporting unit and is deductible for tax purposes. The goodwill represents primarily the acquired capabilities, operating synergies and other benefits expected to result from combining the acquired operations with those of the Company.

Acquisition-related costs of \$967 have been included in selling, general and administrative expenses as incurred. In connection with the transaction, the Company also acquired certain assets with a value of \$660 and assumed certain liabilities amounting to \$707. The results of operations of the acquired business and the fair value of the acquired assets and assumed liabilities are included in the Company's consolidated financial statements with effect from the date of the acquisition.

#### (b) Barkawi Management Consultants GmbH & Co. KG and certain related entities

On August 30, 2018, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding equity/partnership interests in Barkawi Management Consultants GmbH & Co. KG, a German limited partnership, and certain affiliated entities in the United States, Germany and Austria (collectively referred to as "Barkawi") for total purchase consideration of \$101,307. This amount includes cash consideration of \$95,625, net of cash acquired of \$5,682. The total purchase consideration paid by the Company was \$100,969, resulting in a payable of \$338, which is outstanding as of March 31, 2019. The Company is evaluating adjustments related to certain tax positions, which, when determined, may result in the recognition of additional assets and liabilities as of the acquisition date. The measurement period will not exceed one year from the acquisition date. This acquisition enhances the Company's supply chain management consulting capabilities.

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 3. Business acquisitions (Continued)

In connection with the acquisition of Barkawi, the Company recorded \$10,200 in customer-related intangibles and \$1,800 in marketing-related intangibles, which have a weighted average amortization period of three years. Goodwill arising from the acquisition amounted to \$81,250, which has been allocated to the Company's India reporting unit and is partially deductible for tax purposes. The goodwill represents primarily the consulting expertise, operating synergies and other benefits expected to result from combining the acquired operations with those of the Company.

Acquisition-related costs of \$1,842 have been included in selling, general and administrative expenses as incurred. In connection with the transaction, the Company also acquired certain assets with a value of \$17,314, assumed certain liabilities amounting to \$10,149 and recognized a net deferred tax asset of \$892. The results of operations of the acquired business and the fair value of the acquired assets and assumed liabilities are included in the Company's consolidated financial statements with effect from the date of the acquisition.

#### (c) Commonwealth Informatics Inc.

On July 3, 2018, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding equity interest in Commonwealth Informatics Inc. ("Commonwealth"), a Massachusetts corporation, for preliminary purchase consideration of \$17,938. This amount includes cash consideration of \$16,123, net of cash acquired of \$1,477, and preliminary adjustments for working capital and indebtedness. As of March 31, 2019, the total consideration paid by the Company to the sellers was \$17,333, resulting in a payable of \$605. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company recorded certain measurement period adjustments. The Company is evaluating certain tax positions, which, when determined, may result in the recognition of additional assets and liabilities as of the acquisition date. The measurement period will not exceed one year from the acquisition date. This acquisition enhances the Company's signal management and pharmacovigilance capabilities for clients in the life sciences industry.

In connection with the acquisition of Commonwealth, the Company recorded \$2,200 in customer-related intangibles and \$2,600 in technology-related intangible assets, which have a weighted average amortization period of four years.

Goodwill arising from the acquisition amounted to \$11,587, which has been allocated to the Company's India reporting unit and is deductible for tax purposes. The goodwill represents primarily the acquired capabilities, operating synergies and other benefits expected to result from combining the acquired operations with those of the Company.

Acquisition-related costs of \$521 have been included in selling, general and administrative expenses as incurred. In connection with the transaction, the Company also acquired certain assets with a value of \$2,583 and assumed certain liabilities amounting to \$1,032. The results of operations of the acquired business and the fair value of the acquired assets and assumed liabilities are included in the Company's consolidated financial statements with effect from the date of the acquisition.

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 4. Cash and cash equivalents

	As of December 31, 2018	As of March 31, 2019
Cash and other bank balances	368,396	325,377
Total	\$ 368,396	\$ 325,377

#### 5. Accounts receivable, net of reserve for doubtful receivables

The following table provides details of the Company's reserve for doubtful receivables:

	ear ended nber 31, 2018	ree months ended rch 31, 2019
Opening balance as of January 1	\$ 23,660	\$ 23,960
Additions charged/reversal released to cost and expense	1,857	2,026
Deductions/effect of exchange rate fluctuations	(1,557)	(85)
Closing balance	\$ 23,960	\$ 25,901

Accounts receivable were \$798,144 and \$864,893, and reserves for doubtful receivables were \$23,960 and \$25,901, resulting in net accounts receivable balances of \$774,184 and \$838,992 as of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, respectively. In addition, accounts receivable due after one year amounting to \$4,099 and \$3,496 as of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, respectively, are included under other assets in the consolidated balance sheets.

Accounts receivable from related parties were \$99 and \$106 as of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, respectively. There are no doubtful receivables in amounts due from related parties.

#### 6. Fair value measurements

The Company measures certain financial assets and liabilities, including derivative instruments, at fair value on a recurring basis. The fair value measurements of these financial assets and liabilities were determined using the following inputs as of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019:

			As of Decem	ber 3	1, 2018		
	 I	air Va	lue Measurements	s at R	eporting Date Usin	g	
	Total		ioted Prices in ive Markets for lentical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)			gnificant Other Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets							
Derivative instruments (Note a, c)	\$ 44,099	\$	_	\$	44,099	\$	_
Deferred compensation plan assets (a, e)	\$ 1,613	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	1,613
Total	\$ 45,712	\$		\$	44,099	\$	1,613
Liabilities							
Earn-out consideration (Note b, d)	\$ 17,073	\$	_	\$	_	\$	17,073
Derivative instruments (Note b, c)	\$ 35,245	\$	_	\$	35,245	\$	_
Deferred compensation plan liability (b, f)	\$ 1,582	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	1,582
Total	\$ 53,900	\$		\$	35,245	\$	18,655

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 6. Fair value measurements (Continued)

	As of March 31, 2019 Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using											
				Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets		Significant Other Observable Inputs		Significant Other Unobservable Inputs				
Assets		Total	_	(Level 1)		(Level 2)	_	(Level 3)				
Derivative instruments (Note a, c)	\$	43,863	\$	_	\$	43,863	\$	_				
Deferred compensation plan assets (a, e)		8,066		_		_		8,066				
Total	\$	51,929	\$	_	\$	43,863	\$	8,066				
Liabilities			_									
Earn-out consideration (Note b, d)	\$	7,476	\$	_	\$	_	\$	7,476				
Derivative instruments (Note b, c)		23,631		_		23,631		_				
Deferred compensation plan liability (b, f)		7,935		_		_		7,935				
Total	\$	39,042	\$	_	\$	23,631	\$	15,411				

- (a) Included in "prepaid expenses and other current assets" and "other assets" in the consolidated balance sheets.
- (b) Included in "accrued expenses and other current liabilities" and "other liabilities" in the consolidated balance sheets.
- (c) The Company values its derivative instruments based on market observable inputs, including both forward and spot prices for the relevant currencies and interest rate indices for relevant interest rates. The quotes are taken from an independent market database.
- (d) The fair value of earn-out consideration, calculated as the present value of expected future payments to be made to the sellers of acquired businesses, was derived by estimating the future financial performance of the acquired businesses using the earn-out formula and performance targets specified in each purchase agreement and adjusting the result to reflect the Company's estimate of the likelihood of achievement of such targets. Given the significance of the unobservable inputs, the valuations are classified in level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.
- (e) Deferred compensation plan assets consist of life insurance policies held under a Rabbi Trust. Assets held in the Rabbi Trust are valued based on the cash surrender value of the insurance contract, which is determined based on the fair value of the underlying assets included in the insurance portfolio and are therefore classified within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.
- (f) The fair value of the deferred compensation plan liability is derived based on the fair value of the underlying assets in the insurance policies and is therefore classified within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

#### 6. Fair value measurements (Continued)

The following table provides a roll-forward of the fair value of earn-out consideration categorized as level 3 in the fair value hierarchy for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019:

	Three months ended March 31,							
		2018		2019				
Opening balance	\$	24,732	\$	17,073				
Earn-out consideration payable in connection with acquisitions		_		_				
Payments made on earn-out consideration		(1,476)		(10,000)				
Change in fair value of earn-out consideration (Note a)		17		-				
Others (Note b)		627		403				
Ending balance	\$	23,900	\$	7,476				

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

- (a) Changes in the fair value of earn-out consideration are reported in "other operating (income) expense, net" in the consolidated statements of income.
- (b) "Others" is comprised of interest expense included in "interest income (expense), net" and the impact of changes in foreign exchange reported in "foreign exchange gains (losses), net" in the consolidated statements of income. This also includes a cumulative translation adjustment reported as a component of "other comprehensive income (loss)."

The following table provides a roll-forward of the fair value of deferred compensation plan assets categorized as level 3 in the fair value hierarchy for three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019:

	Three months ended March 31,						
	20	)18		2019			
Opening balance	\$	_	\$	1,613			
Redemptions		_		_			
Additions		<u> </u>		6,165			
Change in fair value of deferred compensation plan assets (note a)		_		288			
Closing balance	\$		\$	8,066			

(a) Changes in the fair value of plan assets are reported in "other income (expense), net" in the consolidated statements of income.

The following table provides a roll-forward of the fair value of deferred compensation liabilities categorized as level 3 in the fair value hierarchy for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019:

	Three months ended March 31,						
	2018		2019				
Opening balance	\$ -	- \$	1,582				
Redemptions	_	_	_				
Additions	-	_	6,165				
Change in fair value of deferred compensation plan liabilities (note a)	_	-	188				
Closing balance	\$ -	- \$	7,935				

(a) Changes in the fair value of deferred compensation liabilities are reported in "selling, general and administrative expenses" in the consolidated statements of income.

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 7. Derivative financial instruments

The Company is exposed to the risk of rate fluctuations on its foreign currency assets and liabilities and on foreign currency denominated forecasted cash flows and interest rates. The Company has established risk management policies, including the use of derivative financial instruments to hedge foreign currency assets and liabilities, foreign currency denominated forecasted cash flows and interest rate risk. These derivative financial instruments are largely deliverable and non-deliverable forward foreign exchange contracts and interest rate swaps. The Company enters into these contracts with counterparties that are banks or other financial institutions, and the Company considers the risk of non-performance by such counterparties not to be material. The forward foreign exchange contracts and interest rate swaps mature during a period of up to 57 months and the forecasted transactions are expected to occur during the same period.

The following table presents the aggregate notional principal amounts of outstanding derivative financial instruments together with the related balance sheet exposure:

		Notional principal amounts (note a)				Balance sheet exposure asset (liability) (note b)				
	As	of December 31, 2018	4	As of March 31, 2019	A	As of December 31, 2018		As of March 31, 2019		
Foreign exchange forward contracts denominated in:						_		_		
United States Dollars (sell) Indian Rupees (buy)	\$	1,439,000	\$	1,271,000	\$	(3,643)	\$	8,697		
United States Dollars (sell) Mexican Peso (buy)		-		9,000		-		213		
United States Dollars (sell) Philippines Peso (buy)		55,800		42,750		(1,510)		(1,028)		
Euro (sell) United States Dollars (buy)		136,412		127,477		4,804		6,961		
Pound Sterling (buy) United States Dollars (sell)		128		-		(128)		-		
Euro (sell) Romanian Leu (buy)		41,198		30,316		(299)		(665)		
Japanese Yen (sell) Chinese Renminbi (buy)		40,568		34,469		(2,195)		(782)		
Pound Sterling (sell) United States Dollars (buy)		27,517		22,919		495		(79)		
Australian Dollars (sell) United States Dollars (buy)		89,780		83,317		3,548		2,731		
Interest rate swaps (floating to fixed)		507,425		499,969		7,782		4,184		
						8,854		20,232		

- (a) Notional amounts are key elements of derivative financial instrument agreements but do not represent the amount exchanged by counterparties and do not measure the Company's exposure to credit, foreign exchange, interest rate or market risks. However, the amounts exchanged are based on the notional amounts and other provisions of the underlying derivative financial instrument agreements.
- (b) Balance sheet exposure is denominated in U.S. dollars and denotes the mark-to-market impact of the derivative financial instruments on the reporting date.

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 7. Derivative financial instruments (Continued)

FASB guidance on derivatives and hedging requires companies to recognize all derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities at fair value in the balance sheet. In accordance with the FASB guidance on derivatives and hedging, the Company designates foreign exchange forward contracts and interest rate swaps as cash flow hedges. Foreign exchange forward contracts are entered into to cover the effects of future exchange rate variability on forecasted revenues and purchases of services, and interest rate swaps are entered into to cover interest rate fluctuation risk. In addition to this program, the Company uses derivative instruments that are not accounted for as hedges under the FASB guidance in order to hedge foreign exchange risks related to balance sheet items, such as receivables and intercompany borrowings, that are denominated in currencies other than the Company's underlying functional currency.

The fair value of the Company's derivative instruments and their location in the Company's financial statements are summarized in the table below:

		Cash flow	hedg	es	Non-designated				
	As	As of December 31, 2018		As of March 31, 2019		As of December 31, 2018		f March 31, 2019	
Assets									
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$	23,038	\$	25,136	\$	11,490	\$	7,469	
Other assets	\$	9,571	\$	11,258	\$	_	\$	_	
Liabilities									
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$	15,148	\$	9,444	\$	225	\$	35	
Other liabilities	\$	19,872	\$	14,152	\$	_	\$		

Cash flow hedges

For derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the gain (loss) on the derivative instrument is reported as a component of other comprehensive income (loss) and reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction is recognized in the consolidated statements of income. Gains (losses) on the derivatives, representing either hedge ineffectiveness or hedge components excluded from the assessment of effectiveness, are recognized in earnings as incurred.

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 7. Derivative financial instruments (Continued)

In connection with cash flow hedges, the gains (losses) recorded as a component of other comprehensive income (loss), or OCI, and the related tax effects are summarized below:

	Three months ended March 31,												
				2018			2019						
	_	Sefore-Tax amount	Tax (Expense) or Benefit		Net of tax Amount		Before-Tax amount		Tax (Expense) or Benefit		Net of tax Amount		
Opening balance	\$	50,529	\$	(14,436)	\$	36,093	\$	(2,411)	\$	(5,524)	\$	(7,935)	
Adoption of ASU 2018-02	<u>-</u>		•	2,265	•	2,265							
Adjusted opening balance	\$	50,529	\$	(12,171)	\$	38,358	\$	(2,411)	\$	(5,524)	\$	(7,935)	
Net gains (losses) reclassified into statement of income on completion of hedged transactions		8,279		(1,616)		6,663		3,193		(1,571)		1,622	
Changes in fair value of effective portion of													
outstanding derivatives, net		(15,893)		3,625		(12,269)		18,402		(3,624)		14,778	
Gain (loss) on cash flow hedging derivatives, net		(24,172)		5,240		(18,932)		15,209		(2,053)		13,156	
Closing balance	\$	26,357	\$	(6,931)	\$	19,426	\$	12,798	\$	(7,577)	\$	5,221	

The Company's gains or losses recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) and their effects on financial performance are summarized below:

Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging	Derivatives (Effective Portion) reclassified Three months ended from OCI into March 31, Statement of Income				reclassified (Effective rom OCI into Three mo ement of Income Mar						
Relationships		2018		2019	(Effective Portion)		2018		2019		
Forward foreign exchange contracts	\$	(18,679)	\$	20,583	Revenue	\$	(1,474)	\$	973		
Interest rate swaps		2,786		(2,181)	Cost of revenue		7,270		644		
					Selling, general and administrative expenses		1,934		160		
					Interest expense		549		1,416		
	\$	(15,893)	\$	18,402		\$	8,279	\$	3,193		

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 7. Derivative financial instruments (Continued)

There were no gains (losses) recognized in income on the ineffective portion of derivatives and excluded from effectiveness testing for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019, respectively.

Non-designated Hedges

		Amount of C	Gain (Loss) recognize Derivati Three months er	ves	
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments	Location of Gain (Loss) recognized in Statement of Income on Derivatives		2018	ided Marc	2019
Forward foreign exchange	Foreign exchange gains				
contracts (Note a)	(losses), net	\$	(4,288)	\$	3,660
		\$	(4,288)	\$	3,660

(a) These forward foreign exchange contracts were entered into to hedge fluctuations in foreign exchange rates for recognized balance sheet items such as receivables and intercompany borrowings, and were not originally designated as hedges under FASB guidance on derivatives and hedging. Realized gains (losses) and changes in the fair value of these derivatives are recorded in foreign exchange gains (losses), net in the consolidated statements of income.

#### 8. Prepaid expenses and other current assets

Prepaid expenses and other current assets consist of the following:

	As	of December 31, 2018	As of March 31, 2019
Advance income and non-income taxes	\$	58,701	\$ 69,230
Contract asset (Note 19)		22,472	25,618
Prepaid expenses		25,996	27,452
Derivative instruments		34,528	32,605
Employee advances		3,772	3,499
Deposits		2,758	3,275
Advances to suppliers		1,998	2,409
Others		62,252	66,087
	\$	212,477	\$ 230,175

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 9. Property, plant and equipment, net

The following table provides the gross and net amount of property, plant and equipment:

	As of 1	December 31,	As of March 31,		
		2018		2019	
Property, plant and equipment, gross	\$	660,754	\$	657,935	
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(448,039)		(451,115)	
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$	212,715	\$	206,820	

Depreciation expense on property, plant and equipment for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019 was \$12,275 and \$13,416, respectively. Computer software amortization for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019 amounted to \$2,812 and \$2,968, respectively.

The depreciation and amortization expenses set forth above include the effect of the reclassification of foreign exchange (gains) losses related to the effective portion of foreign currency derivative contracts, amounting to \$(340) and \$(33) for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019.

#### 10. Goodwill and intangible assets

The following table presents the changes in goodwill for the year ended December 31, 2018 and three months ended March 31, 2019:

	As of	As of December 31,		As of March 31,
		2018		2019
Opening balance	\$	1,337,122	\$	1,393,832
Goodwill relating to acquisitions consummated during the period		91,936		2,547
Impact of measurement period adjustments		816		334
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations		(36,042)		3,499
Closing balance	\$	1,393,832	\$	1,400,212

The total amount of goodwill deductible for tax purposes was \$187,546 and \$188,200 as of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, respectively.

The Company's intangible assets are as follows:

	As	As of December 31, 2018					As of March 31,2019				
	Gross carrying amount				Gr	oss carrying amount	am	ccumulated ortization & npairment		Net	
Customer-related intangible assets	\$ 368,558	\$ 306,582	\$	61,976	\$	371,173	\$	313,520	\$	57,653	
Marketing-related intangible assets	54,714	46,591		8,123		54,965		47,788		7,177	
Technology-related intangible assets	76,790	33,976		42,814		127,650		37,263		90,387	
Other intangible assets	1,204	1,077		127		1,212		1,085		127	
Intangible assets under development	64,047	-		64,047		18,128		-		18,128	
	565,313	388,226	\$	177,087	\$	573,128	\$	399,656	\$	173,472	

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 10. Goodwill and intangible assets (Continued)

Amortization expenses for intangible assets acquired as a part of business combination and disclosed in the consolidated statements of income under amortization of acquired intangible assets for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019 were \$9,936 and \$8,509, respectively.

Amortization expenses for technology-related, internally-developed and other intangible assets disclosed in the consolidated statements of income under cost of revenue and selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019 were \$400 and \$3,645, respectively.

Amortization expenses for the technology-related, internally-developed and other intangible assets set forth above include the effect of the reclassification of foreign exchange (gains) losses related to the effective portion of foreign currency derivative contracts, amounting to \$(9) and \$(7) for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019, respectively.

#### 11. Short-term borrowings

The Company has the following borrowing facilities:

- Fund-based and non-fund-based credit facilities with banks, which are available for operational requirements in the form of overdrafts, letters of (a) credit, guarantees and short-term loans. As of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, the limits available were \$14,281 and \$14,375, respectively, of which \$7,389 and \$6,917 was utilized, constituting non-funded drawdown.
- (b) A fund-based and non-fund based revolving credit facility of \$500,000 which the Company obtained through an amendment of its existing credit agreement on August 9, 2018, as described in note 12. Prior to the amendment, the Company's revolving credit facility was \$350,000. The amended credit facility expires on August 8, 2023. The funded drawdown amount under the Company's revolving facilities bore interest at a rate equal to LIBOR plus a margin of 1.375% as of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019. The unutilized amount on the revolving facilities bore a commitment fee of 0.20% as of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019. As of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, a total of \$297,098 and \$322,098, respectively, was utilized, of which \$295,000 and \$320,000, respectively, constituted funded drawdown and \$2,098 and \$2,098, respectively, constituted non-funded drawdown. The Company's amended credit agreement contains certain customary covenants, including a maximum leverage covenant and a minimum interest coverage ratio. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company was in compliance with the financial covenants of the credit agreement.

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 12. Long-term debt

In August 2018, the Company amended its 2015 credit facility ("the 2015 Facility"), which was comprised of an \$800,000 term loan and a \$350,000 revolving credit facility. The amended facility is comprised of a \$680,000 term loan, which represents the outstanding balance under the 2015 Facility as of the date of amendment, and a \$500,000 revolving credit facility. The amended facility expires on August 8, 2023. The amendment did not result in a substantial modification of \$550,814 of the outstanding term loan under the 2015 Facility. Further, as a result of the amendment, the Company extinguished the outstanding term loan under the 2015 Facility of \$129,186 and obtained additional funding of \$129,186, resulting in no change to the outstanding principal of the term loan under the amended facility. In connection with the amendment, the Company expensed \$2,029, representing partial acceleration of the amortization of the existing unamortized debt issuance costs and an additional fee paid to the Company's lenders related to the term loan. The overall borrowing capacity under the revolving credit facility increased from \$350,000 to \$500,000. The amendment of the revolving credit facility resulted in accelerated amortization of \$82 relating to existing unamortized debt issuance cost. The remaining unamortized costs and an additional third party fee paid in connection with the amendment will be amortized over the term of the amended facility, which will expire on August 8, 2023.

Borrowings under the amended credit facility bear interest at a rate equal to, at the election of the Company, either LIBOR plus an applicable margin equal to 1.375% per annum, compared to a margin of 1.50% under the 2015 facility, or a base rate plus an applicable margin equal to 0.375% per annum, compared to a margin of 0.50% under the 2015 facility, in each case subject to adjustment based on the Company's debt ratings provided by Standard & Poor's Rating Services and Moody's Investors Service, Inc. Based on the Company's election and current credit rating, the applicable interest rate is equal to LIBOR plus 1.375% per annum. The amended credit agreement contains certain customary covenants, including a maximum leverage covenant and a minimum interest coverage ratio. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company was in compliance with the financial covenants.

As of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, the amount outstanding under the term loan, net of debt amortization expense of \$2,158 and \$2,028, was \$660,841 and \$652,472, respectively. As of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, the term loan bore interest at a rate equal to LIBOR plus a margin of 1.375% per annum and 1.375% per annum, respectively. Indebtedness under the amended credit facility is unsecured. The amount outstanding on the term loan as of March 31, 2019 requires quarterly payments of \$8,500, and the balance of the loan is due and payable upon the maturity of the term loan on August 8, 2023.

The maturity profile of the term loan outstanding as of March 31, 2019, net of debt amortization expense, is as follows:

Year ended	Amount
2019	25,114
2020	33,509
2021	33,537
2022	33,564
2023	526,748
Total	\$ 652,472

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 12. Long-term debt (Continued)

In March 2017, Genpact Luxembourg S.à.r.l. (the "Issuer"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, issued \$350,000 aggregate principal amount of 3.70% senior notes in a private offering, resulting in cash proceeds of approximately \$348,519, net of an underwriting fee of \$1,481. The issuance was fully guaranteed by the Company. In connection with the offering, the Company incurred other debt issuance costs of \$1,161. The total debt issuance cost of \$2,642 is being amortized over the life of the notes as additional interest expense. As of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, the amount outstanding under the notes, net of debt amortization expense of \$1,713 and \$1,583, was \$348,287 and \$348,417, respectively, which is payable on April 1, 2022. The Issuer will pay interest on the notes semi-annually in arrears on April 1 and October 1 of each year, ending on the maturity date of April 1, 2022. The Company, at its option, may redeem the notes at any time in whole or in part, at a redemption price equal to (i) 100% of the principal amount of the notes redeemed, together with accrued and unpaid interest on the redeemed amount, and (ii) if the notes are redeemed prior to March 1, 2022, a specified "makewhole" premium. The notes are subject to certain customary covenants, including limitations on the ability of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries to incur debt secured by liens, engage in certain sale and leaseback transactions and consolidate, merge, convey or transfer their assets, and during the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company and its applicable subsidiaries were in compliance with the covenants. Upon certain change of control transactions, the Issuer will be required to make an offer to repurchase the notes at a price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount of such notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest. The interest rate payable on the notes is subject to adjustment if the credit rating of the notes is downgraded, up to a maximum increase of 2.0%. In connection with the 3.70% senior notes private offering, the Issuer and the Company entered into a registration rights agreement with the initial purchasers of the outstanding unregistered notes pursuant to which the Issuer and the Company agreed to complete an exchange offer within 455 days after the date of the private offering upon terms identical in all material respects to the terms of the outstanding unregistered notes, except that the transfer restrictions, registration rights and additional interest provisions applicable to the outstanding unregistered notes would not apply to the exchange notes. On July 24, 2018, the unregistered notes exchange offer was completed and all outstanding unregistered notes were exchanged for freely tradable notes registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

#### 13. Accrued expenses and other current liabilities

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities consist of the following:

	ecember 31, 2018	As o	f March 31, 2019
Accrued expenses	\$ 179,843	\$	186,599
Accrued employee cost	210,251		151,101
Earn-out consideration	16,875		7,272
Statutory liabilities	42,728		61,839
Retirement benefits	22,921		25,122
Derivative instruments	15,373		9,479
Contract liabilities (Note 19)	64,744		65,619
Other liabilities	16,807		22,276
Capital lease obligations	1,808		-
Finance lease liability	-		6,741
	\$ 571,350	\$	536,048

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 14. Other liabilities

Other liabilities consist of the following:

	As	of December 31, 2018	As o	of March 31, 2019
Accrued employee cost	\$	6,341	\$	7,186
Earn-out consideration		198		204
Retirement benefits		50,370		51,968
Derivative instruments		19,872		14,152
Contract liabilities (Note 19)		53,796		57,566
Others		32,935		14,837
Capital lease obligations		1,714		-
Finance lease liability		-		24,957
	\$	165,226	\$	170,870

#### 15. Employee benefit plans

The Company has employee benefit plans in the form of certain statutory and other schemes covering its employees.

#### **Defined benefit plans**

In accordance with Indian law, the Company maintains a defined benefit retirement plan covering substantially all of its Indian employees. In accordance with Mexican law, the Company provides termination benefits to all of its Mexican employees. In addition, certain of the Company's subsidiaries in the Philippines and Japan sponsor defined benefit retirement programs.

Net defined benefit plan costs for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019 include the following components:

	 Three months ended March 31,			
	2018		2019	
Service costs	\$ 1,995	\$	1,973	
Interest costs	995		1,072	
Amortization of actuarial loss	320		317	
Expected return on plan assets	(736)		(633)	
Net defined benefit plan costs	\$ 2,574	\$	2,729	

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 15. Employee benefit plans (Continued)

#### **Defined contribution plans**

During the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019, the Company contributed the following amounts to defined contribution plans in various jurisdictions:

	 Three months ended March 31,			
	 2018		2019	
India	\$ 5,944	\$	6,565	
U.S.	4,599		5,207	
U.K.	2,137		2,423	
China	4,394		4,773	
Other regions	1,160		1,069	
Total	\$ 18,234	\$	20,037	

#### **Deferred compensation plan**

On July 1, 2018, Genpact LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, adopted an executive deferred compensation plan (the "Plan"). The Plan provides a select group of U.S.-based members of Company management with the opportunity to defer from 1% to 80% of their base salary and from 1% to 100% of their qualifying bonus compensation (or such other minimums or maximums as determined by the Plan administrator from time to time) pursuant to the terms of the Plan. Participant deferrals are 100% vested at all times. The Plan also allows for discretionary supplemental employer contributions by the Company, in its sole discretion, which will be subject to a two-year vesting schedule (50% vesting on the one-year anniversary of approval of the contribution) or such other vesting schedule as determined by the Company.

The Plan also provides an option for participants to elect to receive deferred compensation and earnings thereon on either fixed date(s) no earlier than two years following the applicable Plan year (or end of the applicable performance period for performance-based bonus compensation) or following a separation from service, in each case either in a lump sum or in annual installments over a term of up to 15 years. Each Plan participant's compensation deferrals are credited or debited with notional investment gains and losses equal to the performance of selected hypothetical investment funds offered under the Plan and elected by the participant.

The Company has investments in funds held in Company-owned life insurance policies which are held in a Rabbi Trust that are classified as trading securities. Management determines the appropriate classification of the securities at the time they are acquired and evaluates the appropriateness of such classifications at each balance sheet date. The securities are classified as trading securities because they are held for resale in anticipation of short-term fluctuations in market prices. The trading securities are stated at fair value.

The liability for the deferred compensation plan was \$1,582 and \$7,935 as of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, respectively, and is included in "other liabilities" in the consolidated balance sheets.

In connection with the administration of the Plan, the Company has purchased company-owned life insurance policies insuring the lives of certain employees. The cash surrender value of these policies was \$1,613 and \$8,066 as of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, respectively. The cash surrender value of these insurance policies is included in "other assets" in the consolidated balance sheets.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019, the change in the fair value of Plan assets was \$0 and \$288, respectively, which is included in "other income (expense), net," in the consolidated statements of income. During the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019, the change in the fair value of deferred compensation liabilities was \$0 and \$(188), respectively, which is included in "selling, general and administrative expenses."

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 16. Stock-based compensation

The Company has issued options under the Genpact Limited 2007 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan (the "2007 Omnibus Plan") and the Genpact Limited 2017 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan (the "2017 Omnibus Plan") to eligible persons, including employees, directors and certain other persons associated with the Company.

Under the 2007 Omnibus Plan, shares underlying options forfeited, expired, terminated or cancelled under any of the Company's predecessor plans were added to the number of shares otherwise available for grant under the 2007 Omnibus Plan. The 2007 Omnibus Plan was amended and restated on April 11, 2012 to increase the number of common shares authorized for issuance by 5,593,200 shares to 15,000,000 shares.

On May 9, 2017, the Company's shareholders approved the adoption of the 2017 Omnibus Plan, pursuant to which 15,000,000 Company common shares are available for issuance. No grants may be made under the 2007 Omnibus Plan after the date of adoption of the 2017 Omnibus Plan. Grants that were outstanding under the 2007 Omnibus Plan as of the date of Company's adoption of the 2017 Omnibus Plan remain subject to the terms of the 2007 Omnibus Plan.

Stock-based compensation costs relating to the foregoing plans during the three months ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019 were \$7,597 and \$18,231, respectively. These costs have been allocated to "cost of revenue" and "selling, general, and administrative expenses."

#### Stock options

All options granted under the 2007 and 2017 Omnibus Plans are exercisable into common shares of the Company, have a contractual period of ten years and vest over four to five years unless specified otherwise in the applicable award agreement. The Company recognizes compensation cost over the vesting period of the option.

Compensation cost is determined at the date of grant by estimating the fair value of an option using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

The following table shows the significant assumptions used in determining the fair value of options granted in the three months ended March 31, 2019. No options were granted in the three months ended March 31, 2018.

	Three months ended March 31, 2019
Dividend yield	1.08%
Expected life (in months)	84
Risk-free rate of interest	2.63%
Volatility	21.38%

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 16. Stock-based compensation (Continued)

A summary of stock option activity during the three months ended March 31, 2019 is set out below:

	Three months ended March 31, 2019						
	Shares arising out of options		Weighted average exercise price	Weighted average remaining contractual life (years)			Aggregate intrinsic value
Outstanding as of January 1, 2019	7,261,675	\$	23.61	6.4		\$	_
Granted	1,771,068		27.70				_
Forfeited	(85,000)		29.91	_			_
Expired	_		_	_			_
Exercised (Note a)	(145,535)		19.60	_			2,267
Outstanding as of March 31, 2019	8,802,208	\$	24.44	6.9	•	\$	94,577
Vested as of March 31, 2019 and expected						-,	
to vest thereafter (Note b)	8,461,634	\$	24.30		6.9	\$	92,104
Vested and exercisable as of March 31,							
2019	3,538,035	\$	18.43	3.8		\$	59,278
Weighted average grant date fair value of grants during the period	\$ 6.83						

- (a) Of this amount, 10,000 options were issued in April 2019.
- (b) Options expected to vest reflect an estimated forfeiture rate.

As of March 31, 2019, the total remaining unrecognized stock-based compensation cost for options expected to vest amounted to \$29,845, which will be recognized over the weighted average remaining requisite vesting period of 4.1 years.

#### Restricted share units

The Company has granted restricted share units, or RSUs, under the 2007 and 2017 Omnibus Plans. Each RSU represents the right to receive one common share. The fair value of each RSU is the market price of one common share of the Company on the date of the grant. The RSUs granted to date have graded vesting schedules of three months to four years. The compensation expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting term. A summary of RSU activity during the three months ended March 31, 2019 is set out below:

	Three months ended March 31, 2019					
	Number of Restricted Share Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value				
Outstanding as of January 1, 2019	1,528,999	\$ 27.45				
Granted	221,328	33.64				
Vested (Note a)	(82,294)	26.88				
Forfeited	(27,393)	30.14				
Outstanding as of March 31, 2019	1,640,640	\$ 28.27				
Expected to vest (Note b)	1,469,062					

- (a) 82,294 RSUs that vested during the period were net settled upon vesting by issuing 60,799 shares (net of minimum statutory tax withholding).
- (b) The number of RSUs expected to vest reflects the application of an estimated forfeiture rate.

52,875 RSUs vested in the year ended December 31, 2018, in respect of which 52,405 shares were issued during the three months ended March 31, 2019 after withholding shares to the extent required to satisfy minimum statutory withholding taxes.

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 16. Stock-based compensation (Continued)

As of March 31, 2019, the total remaining unrecognized stock-based compensation cost related to RSUs amounted to \$26,640, which will be recognized over the weighted average remaining requisite vesting period of 2.2 years.

#### **Performance units**

The Company also grants stock awards in the form of performance units, or PUs, and has granted PUs under both the 2007 and 2017 Omnibus Plans.

Each PU represents the right to receive one common share at a future date based on the Company's performance against specified targets. PUs granted to date have vesting schedules of six months to three years. The fair value of each PU is the market price of one common share of the Company on the date of grant and assumes that performance targets will be achieved. PUs granted under the plans are subject to cliff vesting. The compensation expense for such awards is recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting terms. During the performance period, the Company's estimate of the number of shares to be issued is adjusted upward or downward based upon the probability of achievement of the performance targets. The ultimate number of shares issued and the related compensation cost recognized is based on a comparison of the final performance metrics to the specified targets.

A summary of PU activity during the three months ended March 31, 2019 is set out below:

	Three months ended March 31, 2019						
	Number of Performance Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Maximum Shares Eligible to Receive				
Outstanding as of January 1, 2019	3,712,402	\$ 28.40	3,712,402				
Granted	530,026	32.44	1,060,052				
Vested	-	-	-				
Forfeited	(36,690)	27.76	(36,690)				
Adjustment upon final determination of level of							
performance goal achievement (Note a)	(13,996)	30.68					
Adjustment upon final determination of level of							
performance goal achievement (Note a)			(13,996)				
Outstanding as of March 31, 2019	4,191,742	\$ 28.91	4,721,768				
Expected to vest (Note b)	3,965,713						

- (a) Represents an adjustment made in March 2019 to the number of shares subject to the PUs granted in 2018 upon certification of the level of achievement of the performance targets underlying such awards.
- (b) The number of PUs expected to vest reflects the application of an estimated forfeiture rate.

As of March 31, 2019, the total remaining unrecognized stock-based compensation cost related to PUs amounted to \$61,955, which will be recognized over the weighted average remaining requisite vesting period of 1.9 years.

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 16. Stock-based compensation (Continued)

#### **Employee Stock Purchase Plan (ESPP)**

On May 1, 2008, the Company adopted the Genpact Limited U.S. Employee Stock Purchase Plan and the Genpact Limited International Employee Stock Purchase Plan (together, the "ESPP"). In April 2018, these plans were amended and restated, and their terms were extended to August 31, 2028.

The ESPP allows eligible employees to purchase the Company's common shares through payroll deductions at 90% of the closing price of the Company's common shares on the last business day of each purchase interval. The dollar amount of common shares purchased under the ESPP may not exceed 15% of the participating employee's base salary, subject to a cap of \$25 per employee per calendar year. With effect from September 1, 2009, the offering periods commence on the first business day in March, June, September and December of each year and end on the last business day of the subsequent May, August, November and February. 4,200,000 common shares have been reserved for issuance in the aggregate over the term of the ESPP.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019, 58,476 and 64,869 common shares, respectively, were issued under the ESPP.

The ESPP is considered compensatory under the FASB guidance on Compensation-Stock Compensation.

The compensation expense for the ESPP is recognized in accordance with the FASB guidance on Compensation-Stock Compensation. The compensation expense for the ESPP during the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019 was \$190 and \$230, respectively, and has been allocated to cost of revenue and selling, general, and administrative expenses.

#### 17. Capital stock

#### **Share repurchases**

As of December 31, 2016, the Company's board of directors (the "Board") had authorized the Company to repurchase up to \$750,000 of the Company's common shares under its existing share repurchase program. On February 10, 2017, the Board approved up to an additional \$500,000 in share repurchases, bringing the total authorization under the Company's existing program to \$1,250,000. The Company's share repurchase program does not obligate it to acquire any specific number of shares. Under the program, shares may be purchased in privately negotiated and/or open market transactions, including under plans complying with Rule 10b5-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

On March 29, 2017, the Company entered into an accelerated share repurchase ("ASR") agreement with Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC (the "Dealer") to repurchase Company common shares for an aggregate purchase price of \$200,000. Pursuant to the ASR agreement, as amended in November 2017, the Company paid the aggregate purchase price to the Dealer upfront and received an initial delivery of 6,578,947 common shares on March 30, 2017, an additional delivery of 350,006 common shares on December 29, 2017 and a final delivery of 163,975 common shares on January 17, 2018 upon final settlement of the transaction. The weighted average price per share of the common shares delivered was \$28.20. The Company's purchase of its common shares under the ASR has been recorded as a reduction in retained earnings. All repurchased shares have been retired.

The final number of common shares repurchased by the Company under the ASR agreement was based on the volume-weighted average share price of the Company's common shares during the term of the transaction, less a discount and subject to adjustments pursuant to the terms of the ASR agreement.

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 17. Capital stock (Continued)

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company also repurchased 3,015,999 of its common shares, respectively, on the open market at a weighted average price of \$31.82 per share, for an aggregate cash amount of \$95,984. All repurchased shares have been retired. There were no repurchases during the three months ended March 31, 2019.

The Company records repurchases of its common shares on the settlement date of each transaction. Shares purchased and retired are deducted to the extent of their par value from common stock and from retained earnings for the excess over par value. Direct costs incurred to acquire the shares are included in the total cost of the shares purchased. For the three months ended March 31, 2018, retained earnings were reduced by the direct costs related to share repurchases of \$60.

#### Dividend

On February 12, 2018, the Company announced that its Board of Directors had approved a 25% increase in its quarterly cash dividend to \$0.075 per share, up from \$0.06 per share in 2017, representing an annual dividend of \$0.30 per common share, up from \$0.24 per share in 2017, payable to holders of the Company's common shares. On March 21, 2018, the Company paid a dividend of \$0.075 per share, amounting to \$14,408 in the aggregate, to shareholders of record as of March 9, 2018.

On February 7, 2019, the Company announced that its Board of Directors had approved a 13% increase in its quarterly cash dividend to \$0.085 per share, up from \$0.075 per share in 2018, representing a planned annual dividend of \$0.34 per common share, up from \$0.30 per share in 2018, payable to holders of the Company's common shares. On March 20, 2019, the Company paid a dividend of \$0.085 per share, amounting to \$16,119 in the aggregate, to shareholders of record as of March 8, 2019.

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

## 18. Earnings per share

The Company calculates earnings per share in accordance with FASB guidance on earnings per share. Basic and diluted earnings per common share give effect to the change in the number of Company common shares outstanding. The calculation of basic earnings per common share is determined by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the respective periods. Potentially dilutive shares, consisting of outstanding options on common shares, restricted share units, performance units and common shares to be issued under the employee stock purchase plan, have been included in the computation of diluted net earnings per share and the weighted average shares outstanding, except where the result would be anti-dilutive.

The number of stock awards outstanding but not included in the computation of diluted earnings per common share because their effect was anti-dilutive is 660,000 and 4,547,975 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019, respectively.

	 Three months ended March 31,				
	2018		2019		
Net income available to Genpact Limited common shareholders	\$ 64,695	\$	60,841		
Weighted average number of common shares used in computing basic					
earnings per common share	192,816,626		189,451,845		
Dilutive effect of stock-based awards	3,471,943		3,942,363		
Weighted average number of common shares used in computing dilutive					
earnings per common share	196,288,569		193,394,208		
Earnings per common share attributable to Genpact Limited common	 		_		
shareholders					
Basic	\$ 0.34	\$	0.32		
Diluted	\$ 0.33	\$	0.31		

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

## 19. Net revenues

## Disaggregation of revenue

In the following tables, the Company's revenue is disaggregated by customer classification, service type, major industrial vertical and location of service delivery center.

	Three months ended March 31,				
		2018		2019	
GE	\$	58,049	\$	109,042	
Global Clients		630,863		700,164	
Total net revenues	\$	688,912	\$	809,206	
		Three months	ended March 3	31,	
		2018		2019	
Business process outsourcing	\$	574,061	\$	681,263	
Information technology services		114,851		127,943	
Total net revenues	\$	688,912	\$	809,206	
		Three months	ended March 3	31,	
		2018		2019	
Banking, financial services and insurance	\$	269,491	\$	238,152	
Consumer goods, retail, life sciences and healthcare		204,727		256,614	
High tech, manufacturing and services		214,694		314,440	
Total net revenues	\$	688,912	\$	809,206	

The Company has reclassified the disaggregation of its revenue to reflect how the Company groups its clients into key industry verticals. Revenue from prior periods is also presented based on the classifications used in the current period.

	Three months ended March 31,				
	2018		2019		
India	\$ 389,134	\$	436,743		
Asia, other than India	79,461		93,661		
North and Latin America	152,280		181,763		
Europe	68,037		97,039		
Total net revenues	\$ 688,912	\$	809,206		

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

## 19. Net revenues (Continued)

## **Contract balances**

Accounts receivable include amounts for services that the Company has performed but for which payment has not been received. The Company typically follows a 30-day billing cycle and, as such, at any point in time may have accrued up to 30 days of revenues that have not been billed. The Company has determined that in instances where the timing of revenue recognition differs from the timing of invoicing, the related contracts generally do not include a significant financing component. Refer to note 5 for details on the Company's accounts receivable and reserve for doubtful receivables.

The following table provides details of the Company's contract liabilities:

	Three months ended March 31, 2018				Three months ended	Marc	h 31, 2019				
Particulars	Advance from customers								Advance from customers	Deferred transition revenue	
Opening balance	\$	26,266	\$	101,785	\$	22,892	\$	95,648			
Impact of opening balance offset with contract liability		_	\$	21,348		3,821	\$	25,604			
Gross opening balance	\$	26,266	\$	123,133	\$	26,713	\$	121,252			
Additions		11,248		14,162		14,147		24,217			
Effect of business combinations		-		-		444		-			
Revenue recognized		(2,944)		(10,430)		(10,912)		(11,728)			
Currency translation adjustments		-		(10)		(16)		128			
Gross closing balance	\$	34,570	\$	126,855	\$	30,376	\$	133,869			
Impact of closing balance offset with contract asset		_		(24,427)		(4,328)		(36,732)			
Closing balance (Note a)	\$	34,570	\$	102,428	\$	26,048	\$	97,137			

(a) Included in "accrued expenses and other current liabilities" and "other liabilities" in the consolidated balance sheet.

The following table includes estimated revenue expected to be recognized in the future related to remaining performance obligations as of March 31, 2019:

Particulars		Total	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	After 5 years
Transaction price allocated to remai	ning					
performance obligations	\$	97,158	39,592	42,471	12,561	2,534

The Company has applied the practical expedient related to contract duration and has not disclosed information about remaining performance obligations that have original expected durations of one year or less.

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

## 19. Net revenues (Continued)

The following table provides details of the Company's contract assets:

Particulars Particulars	Three months ended March 31, 2018	Three months ended March 31, 2019
Opening balance	\$ 43,366	\$ 45,035
Impact of opening balance offset	21,348	29,425
Gross opening balance	\$ 64,714	\$ 74,460
Additions	13,918	27,113
Reduction in revenue recognized	(5,902	(13,560)
Gross closing balance	\$ 72,730	\$ 88,013
Impact of closing balance offset with contract liability	(24,427	(41,062)
Closing balance (Note b)	\$ 48,303	\$ 46,951

(b) Included in "prepaid expenses and other current assets" and "other assets" in the consolidated balance sheet.

The following table provides details of the Company's contract cost assets:

	1	Three months ended March 31, 2018					ende	d March 31, 2019	
Particulars	Sales incer	Sales incentive programs		incentive programs Transition activities		Sales incentive programs			Transition activities
Opening balance	\$	23,227	\$	139,284	\$	25,891	\$	134,302	
Closing balance		23,271		139,164		36,380		144,423	
Amortization		3,239		11,579		4,107		11,510	

## 20. Cost of revenue

Cost of revenue consists of the following:

	 Three months ended March 31,				
	2018		2019		
Personnel expenses	\$ 310,132	\$	380,178		
Operational expenses	121,357		119,792		
Depreciation and amortization	12,835		19,167		
	\$ 444,324	\$	519,137		

## 21. Selling, general and administrative expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses consist of the following:

	 Three months ended March 31,			
	2018		2019	
Personnel expenses	\$ 128,068	\$	142,480	
Operational expenses	40,389		46,210	
Depreciation and amortization	2,652		2,712	
	\$ 171,109	\$	191,402	

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

### 22. Other operating (income) expense, net

	Three months ended March 31,				
	20	018		2019	
Other operating (income) expense	\$	(235)	\$	86	
Change in fair value of earn-out consideration and deferred					
consideration (relating to business acquisitions)		17	\$	-	
Other operating (income) expense, net	\$	(218)	\$	86	

## 23. Interest income (expense), net

	 Three months ended March 31,			
	2018	2019		
Interest income	\$ 3,370	\$	1,764	
Interest expense	(11,470)		(12,887)	
Interest income (expense), net	\$ (8,100)	\$	(11,123)	

#### 24. Income taxes

The Company determines its tax provision for interim periods using an estimate of its annual effective tax rate adjusted for discrete items, if any, that are taken into account in the relevant period. Each quarter, the Company updates its estimate of the annual effective tax rate, and if its estimated tax rate changes, the Company makes a cumulative adjustment.

The Company's effective tax rate ("ETR") was 23.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2019, up from 15.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2018. The increase in the Company's tax rate is primarily due to the expiration of certain special economic zone benefits in India, tax costs relating to an internal restructuring, changes in the jurisdictional mix of the Company's income, a discrete tax expense in the first quarter of 2019 and certain discrete tax benefits recorded in the first quarter of 2018.

As of December 31, 2018, the Company had unrecognized tax benefits amounting to \$26,722, including an amount of \$25,485, which, if recognized, would impact the effective tax rate.

The following table summarizes activities related to the Company's unrecognized tax benefits for uncertain tax positions from January 1, 2019 to March 31, 2019:

	2019
Opening balance at January 1	\$ 26,722
Decrease related to prior year tax positions	(5)
Decrease related to prior year tax position due to lapse of	
applicable statute of limitation	(27)
Effect of exchange rate changes	150
Closing balance at March 31	\$ 26,840

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 24. Income taxes (Continued)

The Company's unrecognized tax benefits as of March 31, 2019 include an amount of \$25,602, which, if recognized, would impact the effective tax rate. As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company had accrued approximately \$5,259 and \$5,081, respectively, in interest relating to unrecognized tax benefits. During the year ended December 31, 2018 and the three months ended March 31, 2019, the company recognized approximately \$467 and \$178, respectively, excluding the impact of exchange rate differences, in interest on unrecognized tax benefits. As of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, the Company had accrued approximately \$995 and \$998, respectively, for penalties.

### 25. Related party transactions

The Company has entered into related party transactions with its non-consolidating affiliates. The Company has also entered into related party transactions with a significant shareholder and its affiliates.

The Company's related party transactions can be categorized as follows:

#### Revenue from services

During the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019, the Company recognized net revenues of \$304 and \$159, respectively, from a client that is a significant shareholder of the Company.

#### Cost of revenue

The Company purchases certain services from its non-consolidating affiliates, mainly relating to training and recruitment, which are included in cost of revenue. For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019, cost of revenue includes an amount of \$191 and \$148, respectively, attributable to the cost of services provided by the Company's non-consolidating affiliates.

## Selling, general and administrative expenses

The Company purchases certain services from its non-consolidating affiliates, mainly relating to training and recruitment, the costs of which are included in selling, general and administrative expenses. For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019, selling, general and administrative expenses include an amount of \$49 and \$24, respectively, attributable to the cost of services provided by the Company's non-consolidating affiliates.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019, the Company engaged a significant shareholder to provide certain services to the Company, the costs of which are included in selling, general and administrative expenses. For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019, selling, general and administrative expenses include an amount of \$10 and \$46, respectively.

## Investment in equity affiliates

As of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, the Company's investments in its non-consolidating affiliates amounted to \$836 and \$852, respectively.

## 26. Other income (expense), net

	-	Three months e	nded Ma	rch 31,
		2018		2019
Government incentives	\$	15,500	\$	3,976
Other income/(expense)		50		(173)
Other income (expense), net	\$	15,550	\$	3,803

# GENPACT LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 27. Commitments and contingencies

#### Capital commitments

As of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, the Company has committed to spend \$4,859 and \$7,458, respectively, under agreements to purchase property, plant and equipment. This amount is net of capital advances paid in respect of these purchases.

#### Bank quarantees

The Company has outstanding bank guarantees amounting to \$9,487 and \$9,016 as of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, respectively. Bank guarantees are generally provided to government agencies and excise and customs authorities for the purpose of maintaining a bonded warehouse. These guarantees may be revoked if the government agencies suffer any losses or damages through the breach of any of the covenants contained in the agreements governing such guarantees.

#### Other commitments

Certain units of our Indian subsidiaries are established as Software Technology Parks of India ("STPI") units or Special Economic Zone ("SEZ") units under the relevant regulations issued by the Government of India. These units are exempt from customs and central excise duties, and other levies on imported and indigenous capital goods, stores and spares, and service tax on services. SEZ units are also exempt from the goods and services tax ("GST") that was introduced in India in 2017. The Company has undertaken to pay taxes and duties, if any, in respect of capital goods, stores, spares and services consumed duty-free, in the event that certain terms and conditions are not fulfilled.

#### Contingency

During the quarter ended March 31, 2019, there was a judicial pronouncement in India with respect to defined contribution benefits payments interpreting certain statutory defined contribution obligations of employees and employers. It is not currently clear whether the interpretation set out in the pronouncement has retrospective application. If applied retrospectively, the interpretation would result in an increase in contributions payable by the Company for past and future periods for certain of its India-based employees. There are numerous interpretative challenges concerning the retrospective application of the judgment. Due to such challenges and a lack of interpretive guidance, and based on legal advice the Company has obtained on the matter, it is currently impracticable to reliably estimate the timing and amount of any payments the Company may be required to make. Accordingly, the Company plans to obtain further clarity and will evaluate the amount of a potential provision, if any.

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 28. Leases

The Company has leased buildings, vehicles, furniture and fixtures, leased lines, computer equipment and servers, and plants, machinery and equipment from various lessors. Certain lease agreements include options to terminate or extend the leases for up to 5 years. The lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants. The components of lease cost for operating and finance leases for the three months ended March 31, 2019 are summarized below:

Finance lease cost

Amortization of right-of-use assets (Note a)	1,850
Interest on lease liabilities (Note b)	663
Operating lease cost (Note c)	14,109
Short-term lease cost (Note c)	84
Variable lease cost (Note c)	2,884
Total lease cost	19,590

- a) Included in "depreciation and amortization" in the consolidated statements of income.
- b) Included in "interest income (expense), net" in the consolidated statements of income.
- c) Included in "cost of revenue" and "selling, general and administrative expenses" in the consolidated statements of income.

ROU assets relating to finance leases of \$35,544 as of March 31, 2019 are included in "Other assets."

#### Other information

Weighted-average remaining lease term—finance leases	5.32 years
Weighted-average remaining lease term—operating leases	7.21 years
Weighted-average discount rate—finance leases	9.48%
Weighted-average discount rate—operating leases	7.21%
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities	
Operating cash flows from finance leases	663
Operating cash flows from operating leases	17,220
Financing cash flows from finance leases	1,780

The following table reconciles the undiscounted cash flows for operating and finance leases as of March 31, 2019 to the operating and finance lease liabilities recorded on the balance sheet:

Period range	Finance lease	Operating lease
Year 1	8,965	62,878
Year 2	8,111	56,639
Year 3	5,381	50,276
Year 4	5,674	44,642
Year 5	4,862	38,227
More than five years	6,221	130,010
Total lease payments	39,214	382,672
Less: imputed interest	7,516	88,666
Total lease liabilities	31,698	294,006

# GENPACT LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share data and share count)

## 29. Subsequent Events

Dividend

On May 9, 2019, the Company announced that its Board of Directors has declared a dividend for the second quarter of 2019 of \$0.085 per common share, which is payable on June 21, 2019 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on June 12, 2019. The declaration of any future dividends will be at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

# GENPACT LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share data and share count)

#### 30. Guarantor financial information

In March 2017, the Issuer issued \$350,000 aggregate principal amount of 3.70% senior notes in a private offering. See Note 12 for additional information. The issuance is fully and unconditionally guaranteed by the Company. The Company has prepared the following condensed consolidating financial statements, which set forth consolidated financial statements of the Issuer, the Company as parent guarantor and the non-guarantor subsidiaries of the company, as well as intercompany elimination adjustments relating to intercompany transactions. Investments in subsidiaries have been accounted for using the equity method.

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

## **Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet**

					As of 1	March 31, 2019				
	s	Issuer/ Subsidiary	(	Parent/ Guarantor		Non- Guarantor ubsidiaries	E	liminations	Co	onsolidated
Assets										
Current assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,432	\$	1,853	\$	303,092	\$	_	\$	325,377
Accounts receivable										
intercompany, net		98,833		_		_		(98,833)		
Accounts receivable, net		_		_		838,992		_		838,992
Intercompany loans		557,213		3,300		1,982,655		(2,543,168)		_
Intercompany other receivable		22,859		85,209		126,127		(234,195)		_
Prepaid expenses and other										
current assets		1,368		2,976		225,831				230,175
Total current assets	\$	700,705	\$	93,338	\$	3,476,697	\$	(2,876,196)	\$	1,394,544
Property, plant and equipment, net		388		_		206,432		_		206,820
Operating lease right-of-use assets		_		_		266,947		_		266,947
Intercompany loans		100,000		_		500,000		(600,000)		_
Deferred tax assets		(0)		_		78,607				78,607
Investment in subsidiaries		560,371		3,172,298		582,493		(4,315,162)		_
Investment in equity affiliates		(0)		· · · · —		852		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		852
Investment in debentures, intercompany		576,868		153,493		_		(730,361)		_
Intercompany other receivable		´ —		61,317		_		(61,317)		_
Intangible assets, net		_		´ —		173,472		`		173,472
Goodwill		_		_		1,400,212		_		1,400,212
Contract cost assets		_		_		180,803		_		180,803
Other assets		592		_		201,965		_		202,557
Total assets	\$	1,938,924	\$	3,480,446	\$	7,068,480	\$	(8,583,036)	\$	3,904,814
Liabilities and equity										
Current liabilities										
Short-term borrowings	\$	100,000	\$	_	\$	220,000	\$	_	\$	320,000
Intercompany loans	Ψ.	225,518	Ψ.	1,965,637	Ψ	352,013	Ψ	(2,543,168)	Ψ	
Current portion of long-term debt		4,961				29,055		(2,5 15,100)		34,016
Accounts payable		58		95		29,341		_		29,494
Intercompany accounts payable						98,833		(98,833)		25,454
Income taxes payable				_		49,929		(50,055)		49,929
Intercompany other payable		49,430		79,813		104,952		(234,195)		43,323
Accrued expenses and other		73,730		75,015		104,332		(234,133)		
current liabilities		10,345		5,270		520,433		_		536,048
Operating leases liability		10,545		3,270		42,294		<u>_</u>		42.294
Total current liabilities		390,312		2,050,815		1,446,850		(2,876,196)		1,011,781
Long-term debt, less current portion		439,554		2,030,013		527,319		(2,070,130)		966,873
Operating leases liability		433,334				251,712				251,712
Deferred tax liabilities		_		_		8,409		_		8,409
Intercompany other payable		_		<del>-</del>		61,317		(61,317)		0,403
		_		_		01,317		(01,317)		_
Non-current intercompany loans payable		500,000				830,361		(1,330,361)		
Other liabilities		204		93		170,573		(1,330,301)		170,870
Total liabilities	\$	1,330,070	\$	2,050,908	\$		\$	(4,267,874)	\$	
Total Habilities	Þ	1,330,070	3	2,050,908	3	3,296,541	3	(4,207,874)	3	2,409,645
Shareholders' equity		608,854		1,429,538		3,771,939		(4,315,162)		1,495,169
Commitments and contingencies			_							
Total liabilities and equity	\$	1,938,924	<u>\$</u>	3,480,446	<u>\$</u>	7,068,480	\$	(8,583,036)	\$	3,904,814

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

## 30. Guarantor financial information (continued)

## **Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet**

			A	As of	December 31, 201	18			
	Issuer/ Subsidiary		Parent/ Guarantor		Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries		Eliminations	C	Consolidated
Assets									
Current assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,797	\$	2,505	\$	353,094		\$—	\$	368,396
Accounts receivable intercompany, net	89,958		_		_		(89,958)		
Accounts receivable, net	_		_		774,184		_		774,184
Intercompany loans	447,578		1,300		1,835,608		(2,284,486)		_
Intercompany other receivable	33,224		52,783		117,537		(203,544)		_
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	 2,242		1,278		208,957				212,477
Total current assets	\$ 585,799	\$	57,866	\$	3,289,380	\$	(2,577,988)	\$	1,355,057
Property, plant and equipment, Net	388		_		212,327				212,715
Intercompany loans	100,000		_		500,000		(600,000)		_
Deferred tax assets	_		_		74,566		_		74,566
Investment in subsidiaries	548,654		3,073,467		557,089		(4,179,210)		_
Investment in equity affiliates					836				836
Investment in debentures/bonds, intercompany	571,919		50,393		_		(622,312)		_
Intercompany other receivable			83,169		_		(83,169)		_
Intangible assets, net	_		_		177.087		_		177,087
Goodwill	_		_		1,393,832		_		1,393,832
Contract cost assets	_		_		160,193		_		160,193
Other assets	682		_		154,477		_		155,159
Total assets	\$ 1,807,442	\$	3,264,895	\$		\$	(8,062,679)	\$	3,529,445
Liabilities and equity									
Current liabilities									
Short-term borrowings	\$ 100,000		\$—	\$	195,000		\$—	\$	295,000
Intercompany loans	128,572		1,849,537		306,377		(2,284,486)		
Current portion of long-term debt	4,961		_		28,522		_		33,483
Accounts payable	1,636		520		40,428		_		42,584
Intercompany accounts payable	_		_		89,958		(89,958)		_
Income taxes payable	_		_		33,895		_		33,895
Intercompany other payable	47,844		70,973		84,727		(203,544)		_
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	 5,248		5,157		560,945				571,350
Total current liabilities	\$ 288,261	\$	1,926,187	\$	1,339,852	\$	(2,577,988)	\$	976,312
Long-term debt, less current portion	440,665		· · · · —		534,980		· · · · · · · · · · · ·		975,645
Deferred tax liabilities			_		8,080		_		8,080
Intercompany other payable	_		_		83,169		(83,169)		
Non-current intercompany loans payable	500,000		_		722,312		(1,222,312)		_
Other liabilities	197		154		164,875				165,226
Total liabilities	\$ 1,229,123	\$	1,926,341	\$	2,853,268	\$	(3,883,469)	\$	2,125,263
Redeemable non-controlling interest	 			_		_			
Shareholders' equity	578,319		1,338,554		3,666,519		(4,179,210)		1,404,182
Commitments and contingencies	 	_		_		_			
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 1,807,442	\$	3,264,895	\$	6,519,787	\$	(8,062,679)	\$	3,529,445

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

## 30. Guarantor financial information (continued)

## **Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income (Loss)**

	Three months ended March 31, 2019												
		Issuer/ ibsidiary		Parent/ Guarantor		Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries		Eliminations	С	Consolidated			
Net revenues	\$	11,432	\$	_	\$	809,206	\$	(11,432)	\$	809,206			
Cost of revenue				4,614		514,523				519,137			
Gross profit	\$	11,432	\$	(4,614)	\$	294,683	\$	(11,432)	\$	290,069			
Operating expenses:													
Selling, general and administrative expenses		2,926		4,335		195,573		(11,432)		191,402			
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		_		_		8,509				8,509			
Other operating (income) expense, net						86				86			
Income (loss) from operations	\$	8,506	\$	(8,949)	\$	90,515	\$	_	\$	90,072			
Foreign exchange gains (losses), net		954		(23)		(4,363)		_		(3,432)			
Interest income (expense), net		(5,341)		_		(5,782)		_		(11,123)			
Intercompany interest income (expense), net		18,702		(5,167)		(13,535)		_		_			
Other income (expense), net		(35)		<u> </u>		3,838				3,803			
Income (loss) before equity-method investment activity, net and income tax													
expense	\$	22,786	\$	(14,139)	\$	70,673	\$	_	\$	79,320			
Gain (loss) on equity-method investment activity, net		1,984		74,980		21,146		(98,106)		4			
Income before income tax expense	\$	24,770	\$	60,841	\$	91,819	\$	(98,106)	\$	79,324			
Income tax expense		1,640		_		16,843				18,483			
Net income	\$	23,130	\$	60,841	\$	74,976	\$	(98,106)	\$	60,841			
Net loss attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest				_						_			
Net income attributable to Genpact Limited shareholders	\$	23,130	\$	60,841	\$	74,976	\$	(98,106)	\$	60,841			

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

## 30. Guarantor financial information (continued)

## **Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income (Loss)**

		Three i	nont	hs ended March 3	1, 20	18		
	Issuer/ ıbsidiary	Parent/ Guarantor	Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries		Eliminations		С	onsolidated
Net revenues	\$ 11,939	\$	\$	686,449	\$	(9,476)	\$	688,912
Cost of revenue				444,324				444,324
Gross profit	\$ 11,939	\$ _	\$	242,125	\$	(9,476)	\$	244,588
Operating expenses:								
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,623	1,492		177,536		(9,542)		171,109
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	_	_		9,936		_		9,936
Other operating (income) expense, net	17			(235)				(218)
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 10,299	\$ (1,492)	\$	54,888	\$	66	\$	63,761
Foreign exchange gains (losses), net	953	221		3,624		_		4,798
Interest income (expense), net	(3,489)	_		(4,611)		_		(8,100)
Intercompany interest income (expense), net	20,543	(3,235)		(17,308)		_		_
Other income (expense), net	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		15,550		_		15,550
Income (loss) before equity-method investment activity, net and income tax								
expense	\$ 28,306	\$ (4,506)	\$	52,143	\$	66	\$	76,009
Gain (loss) on equity-method investment activity, net	 7,443	 69,201		34,058		(110,702)		-
Income before income tax expense	\$ 35,749	\$ 64,695	\$	86,201	\$	(110,636)	\$	76,009
Income tax expense	 1,691	 		10,384		<u> </u>		12,075
Net income	\$ 34,058	\$ 64,695	\$	75,817	\$	(110,636)	\$	63,934
Net loss attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest	 	 		(761)				(761)
Net income attributable to Genpact Limited shareholders	\$ 34,058	\$ 64,695	\$	76,578	\$	(110,636)	\$	64,695

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

## 30. Guarantor financial information (continued)

## **Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss)**

			Three months e	nded Ma	arch 31, 2019			
	Issuer/ ıbsidiary	Parent/ uarantor	-Guarantor bsidiaries	El	iminations	pact Limited areholders	Non-	deemable controlling nterest
Net income (loss)	\$ 23,130	\$ 60,841	\$ 74,976	\$	(98,106)	\$ 60,841	\$	_
Other comprehensive income:								
Currency translation adjustments	92	10,491	10,491		(10,583)	\$ 10,491		_
Net income (loss) on cash flow hedging derivatives, net of taxes (Note 7)	(308)	13,156	13,156		(12,848)	13,156		_
Retirement benefits, net of taxes	12	210	210		(222)	210		_
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(204)	23,857	23,857	·	(23,653)	23,857		_
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 22,926	\$ 84,698	\$ 98,833	\$	(121,759)	\$ 84,698	\$	

				Three months end	ded M	Iarch 31, 2018			
	Issuer	/ Subsidiary	Parent/ uarantor	 on-Guarantor Subsidiaries	I	Eliminations	npact Limited Shareholders	COI	leemable Non- ntrolling nterest
Net income (loss)	\$	34,058	\$ 64,695	\$ 76,578	\$	(110,636)	\$ 64,695	\$	(761)
Other comprehensive income:									
Currency translation adjustments		(6,353)	(9,335)	(9,335)		15,688	(9,335)		(424)
Net income (loss) on cash flow hedging derivatives, net of taxes (Note 7)		(15,681)	(18,932)	(18,932)		34,613	(18,932)		-
Retirement benefits, net of taxes		80	513	 513		(593)	513		_
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(21,954)	(27,754)	(27,754)		49,708	(27,754)		(424)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	12,104	\$ 36,941	\$ 48,824	\$	(60,928)	\$ 36,941	\$	(1,185)

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

## **Condensed Consolidating Cash Flow**

	Three months ended March 31, 2019											
	Issuer/ Subsidiary			Parent/ Guarantor		Non- duarantor absidiaries		Eliminations	Cor	nsolidated		
Operating activities												
Net cash (used for) provided by operating activities	\$	(80,873)	\$	(1,480)	\$	(181,745)	\$	258,682	\$	(5,416)		
Investing activities												
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		_		_		(14,072)		_		(14,072)		
Payment for internally generated intangible assets (including intangibles under development)		_		_		(7,914)		_		(7,914)		
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		_		_		1,478		_		1,478		
Investment in subsidiaries		(6,586)		(0)		6,586		_		-		
Payment for issuance of bonds, intercompany		_		(103,100)		_		103,100		-		
Payment for business acquisitions, net of cash acquired		_		_		(6,305)		_		(6,305)		
Payment for purchase of redeemable non-controlling interest										<u>-</u>		
Net cash (used for) provided by investing activities	\$	(6,586)	\$	(103,100)		(20,227)	\$	103,100	\$	(26,813)		
Financing activities												
Repayment of capital lease obligations		_		_		(1,780)		_		(1,780)		
Repayment of long-term debt		(1,250)		_		(7,250)		_		(8,500)		
Proceeds from short-term borrowings		_		_		50,000		_		50,000		
Repayment of Short-term borrowings		_		_		(25,000)		_		(25,000)		
Proceeds from intercompany loans		96,946		118,100		55,948		(270,994)		_		
Repayment of intercompany loans		_		(2,000)		(10,312)		12,312				
Proceeds from issuance of common shares under stock-based compensation plans		_		4,599		_		_		4,599		
Payment for net settlement of stock-based awards		_		(652)		_		_		(652)		
Payment of earn-out/deferred consideration		_		_		(8,400)		_		(8,400)		
Dividend paid		_		(16,119)						(16,119)		
Proceeds from issuance of bonds, intercompany		_				103,100		(103,100)		_		
Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities	\$	95,696	\$	103,928	\$	156,306	\$	(361,782)	\$	(5,852)		
Effect of exchange rate changes		(602)		_		(4,336)		_		(4,938)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		8,237		(652)		(45,666)		_		(38,081)		
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		12,797		2,505		353,094				368,396		
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	\$	20,432	\$	1,853	\$	303,092	\$		\$	325,377		

(In thousands, except per share data and share count)

## **Condensed Consolidating Cash Flow**

	Three months ended March 31, 2018										
	Issuer/ Subsidiary			Parent/ Guarantor	_	Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries	I	Eliminations	Co	onsolidated	
Operating activities											
Net cash (used for) provided by operating activities	\$	22,190	\$	9,604	\$	(162,655)	\$	103,540	\$	(27,322)	
Investing activities											
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		-		-		(18,706)		-		(18,706)	
Payment for internally generated intangible assets		-		-		(4,365)		-		(4,365)	
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		-		-		144		-		144	
Investment in subsidiaries		(2,000)		-		2,066		(66)		-	
Payment for purchase of redeemable non-controlling interest				-		(4,730)				(4,730)	
Net cash (used for) provided by investing activities	\$	(2,000)	\$		\$	(25,591)	\$	(66)	\$	(27,657)	
Financing activities											
Repayment of capital lease obligations		-		-		(537)		-		(537)	
Proceeds from long-term debt		-		-		-		-		-	
Repayment of long-term debt		-		-		(10,000)		-		(10,000)	
Proceeds from short-term borrowings		130		-		105,000		(130)		105,000	
Proceeds from intercompany loans		-		119,000		344		(119,344)		-	
Repayment of intercompany loans		(16,000)		-		-		16,000		-	
Proceeds from issuance of common shares under stock-based compensation plans		-		4,202		-		-		4,202	
Payment for net settlement of stock-based awards		-		(13,284)		-		-		(13,284)	
Payment of earn-out/deferred consideration		-		-		(1,476)		-		(1,476)	
Dividend paid		-		(14,408)		-		-		(14,408)	
Payment for stock purchased and retired		-		(95,984)		-		-		(95,984)	
Payment for expenses related to stock purchase		-		(60)		-				(60)	
Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities	\$	(15,870)	\$	(534)	\$	93,331	\$	(103,474)	\$	(26,547)	
Effect of exchange rate changes		(265)		-		1,549		-		1,284	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		4,320		9,070		(94,916)		-		(81,526)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		4,507		2,136		497,825				504,468	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	\$	8,562	\$	11,206	\$	404,458	\$	-	\$	424,226	

## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes that appear elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 and with the information under the heading "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. In addition to historical information, this discussion includes forward-looking statements and information that involves risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including but not limited to those listed below and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

## **Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

We have made statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the "Quarterly Report") in, among other sections, Part I, Item 2—"Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" that are forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify these statements by forward-looking terms such as "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "believe," "seek," "estimate," "could," "may," "shall," "will," "would" and variations of such words and similar expressions, or the negative of such words or similar expressions. These forward-looking statements, which are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions about us, may include projections of our future financial performance, which in some cases may be based on our growth strategies and anticipated trends in our business. These statements are only predictions based on our current expectations and projections about future events. There are important factors that could cause our actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. In particular, you should consider the numerous risks outlined in Part I, Item 1A—"Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements relating to:

- our ability to retain existing clients and contracts;
- our ability to win new clients and engagements;
- the expected value of the statements of work under our master service agreements;
- our beliefs about future trends in our market;
- political, economic or business conditions in countries where we have operations or where our clients operate, including the uncertainty related to the proposed withdrawal of the United Kingdom from the European Union, commonly known as Brexit, and heightened economic and political uncertainty within and among other European Union member states;
- expected spending on business process outsourcing and information technology services by clients;
- foreign currency exchange rates;
- our ability to convert bookings to revenue;
- our rate of employee attrition;
- our effective tax rate; and
- competition in our industry.

Factors that may cause actual results to differ from expected results include, among others:

- our ability to develop and successfully execute our business strategies
- our ability to grow our business and effectively manage growth and international operations while maintaining effective internal controls;
- our dependence on favorable policies and tax laws that may be changed or amended in a manner adverse to us or be unavailable to us in the future, including as a result of recently adopted tax legislation in the United States, and our ability to effectively execute our tax planning strategies;
- our ability to comply with data protection laws and regulations and to maintain the security and confidentiality of personal and other sensitive data of our clients, employees or others;
- our dependence on revenues derived from clients in the United States and Europe and clients that operate in certain industries, such as the financial services industry;

- our ability to successfully consummate or integrate strategic acquisitions;
- our ability to maintain pricing and asset utilization rates;
- our ability to hire and retain enough qualified employees to support our operations;
- increases in wages in locations in which we have operations;
- our relative dependence on the General Electric Company (GE) and our ability to maintain our relationships with divested GE businesses;
- financing terms, including, but not limited to, changes in the London Interbank Offered rate, or LIBOR, including the pending global phase-out of LIBOR, and changes to our credit ratings;
- our ability to meet our corporate funding needs, pay dividends and service debt, including our ability to comply with the restrictions that apply to our indebtedness that may limit our business activities and investment opportunities;
- restrictions on visas for our employees traveling to North America and Europe;
- fluctuations in currency exchange rates between the currencies in which we transact business, primarily the U.S. dollar, Australian dollar, Chinese renminbi, Euro, Indian rupee, Japanese yen, Mexican peso, Philippine peso, Polish zloty, Romanian leu and U.K. pound sterling;
- our ability to retain senior management;
- the selling cycle for our client relationships;
- our ability to attract and retain clients and our ability to develop and maintain client relationships on attractive terms;
- legislation in the United States or elsewhere that adversely affects the performance of business process outsourcing and information technology services offshore;
- increasing competition in our industry;
- telecommunications or technology disruptions or breaches, cyberattacks or natural or other disasters;
- our ability to protect our intellectual property and the intellectual property of others;
- deterioration in the global economic environment and its impact on our clients, including the bankruptcy of our clients;
- regulatory, legislative and judicial developments, including the withdrawal of governmental fiscal incentives;
- the international nature of our business;
- technological innovation;
- our ability to derive revenues from new service offerings and acquisitions; and
- unionization of any of our employees.

Although we believe the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable at the time they are made, we cannot guarantee future results, level of activity, performance or achievements. Achievement of future results is subject to risks, uncertainties, and potentially inaccurate assumptions. Should known or unknown risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove inaccurate, actual results could differ materially from past results and those anticipated, estimated or projected. You should bear this in mind as you consider forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to update any of these forward-looking statements after the date of this filing to conform our prior statements to actual results or revised expectations. You are advised, however, to consult any further disclosures we make on related subjects in our Form 10-K, Form 10-Q and Form 8-K reports to the SEC.

## Overview

We are a global professional services firm that makes business transformation real. We drive digital-led innovation and run digitally-enabled intelligent operations for our clients, guided by our experience of running thousands of processes for hundreds of Fortune Global 500 clients. We have over 87,000 employees serving clients in key industry verticals from more than 25 countries. Our registered office is located at Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda.

In the quarter ended March 31, 2019, we had net revenues of \$809.2 million, of which \$700.2 million, or 86.5%, was from clients other than GE, which we refer to as Global Clients, with the remaining \$109.0 million, or 13.5%, coming from GE.

## Acquisitions

On January 7, 2019, we acquired 100% of the outstanding equity interest in riskCanvas Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, for total purchase consideration of \$5.75 million. This amount includes cash consideration of \$5.7 million, net of adjustments for working capital. This acquisition expands our services in the areas of financial institution fraud, anti-money laundering and financial transaction surveillance and enhances our consulting capabilities for clients in the financial services industry. Goodwill arising from the acquisition amounted to \$2.5 million, which has been allocated to our India reporting unit and is deductible for tax purposes. The goodwill represents primarily the acquired capabilities, operating synergies and other benefits expected to result from combining the acquired operations with our existing operations.

On August 30, 2018, we acquired 100% of the outstanding equity/partnership interests in Barkawi Management Consultants GmbH & Co. KG, a German limited partnership, and certain affiliated entities in the United States, Germany and Austria for total purchase consideration of \$101.3 million. This amount includes cash consideration of \$95.6 million, net of cash acquired of \$5.7 million. This acquisition enhances our supply chain management consulting capabilities. Goodwill arising from the acquisition amounted to \$81.3 million, which has been allocated to our India reporting unit and is partially deductible for tax purposes. The goodwill represents primarily the acquired consulting expertise, operating synergies and other benefits expected to result from combining the acquired operations with those of our existing operations.

On July 3, 2018, we acquired 100% of the outstanding equity interest in Commonwealth Informatics Inc., a Massachusetts corporation, for preliminary purchase consideration of \$17.9 million. This amount includes cash consideration of \$16.1 million, net of cash acquired of \$1.5 million, and preliminary adjustments for working capital and indebtedness. This acquisition enhances our signal management and pharmacovigilance capabilities for clients in the life sciences industry. Goodwill arising from the acquisition amounted to \$11.6 million, which has been allocated to our India reporting unit and is deductible for tax purposes. The goodwill represents primarily the acquired capabilities, operating synergies and other benefits expected to result from combining the acquired operations with our existing operations.

#### **Secondary Offering**

On February 15, 2019, we completed a secondary offering of our common shares, pursuant to which certain of our shareholders affiliated with Bain Capital Investors, LLC, namely Glory Investments A Limited and its affiliated assignees, together with their co-investor, GIC Private Limited (collectively, the "Selling Shareholders"), sold 10.0 million common shares at a price of \$32.215 per share in an underwritten public offering. All of the common shares were sold by the Selling Shareholders and, as a result, we did not receive any of the proceeds from the offering.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

For a description of our critical accounting policies, see Note 2—"Summary of significant accounting policies" under Part I, Item 1—"Financial Statements" above, Part II, Item 7—"Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates," and Note 2—"Summary of significant accounting policies" under Part IV, Item 15—"Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

We adopted the new accounting standard for leases effective January 1, 2019, using the modified retrospective adoption approach. For further discussion and additional disclosure regarding our adoption of this standard, see Note 2 "Summary of significant accounting policies" and Note 28—"Leases" under Part I, Item 1—"Financial Statements" above.

## **Results of Operations**

The following table sets forth certain data from our consolidated statements of income for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2019.

			Percentage Change
	Three months ende	Increase/(Decrease)	
	2018	2019	2019 vs. 2018
	(dollars in mi	llions)	<u> </u>
Net revenues—GE*	\$ 58.0	\$ 109.0	87.8%
Net revenues—Global Clients*	630.9	700.2	11.0%
Total net revenues	688.9	809.2	17.5 %
Cost of revenue	444.3	519.1	16.8%
Gross profit	244.6	290.1	18.6%
Gross profit margin	35.5 %	35.8	%
Operating expenses			
Selling, general and administrative expenses	171.1	191.4	11.9%
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	9.9	8.5	(14.4)%
Other operating (income) expense, net	 (0.2)	0.1	(139.5)%
Income from operations	63.8	90.1	41.3 %
Income from operations as a percentage of net revenues	9.3 %	11.1	%
Foreign exchange gains (losses),net	4.8	(3.4)	(171.5)%
Interest income (expense), net	(8.1)	(11.1)	
Other income (expense), net	 15.6	3.8	_ (75.5)%
Income before equity-method investment activity, net and income tax expense	76.0	79.4	4.4 %
Equity-method investment activity, net	 	(0.0)	100%
Income before income tax expense	76.0	79.4	4.4 %
Income tax expense	 12.1	18.5	53.1%
Net income	63.9	60.9	(4.8) %
Net loss (income) attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest	0.8		(100.0)%
Net income attributable to Genpact Limited common shareholders	\$ 64.7	\$ 60.9	(6.0)%
Net income attributable to Genpact Limited common shareholders as a percentage of net revenues	9.4 %	7.5	%

<sup>\*</sup> At the end of each fiscal year, we reclassify revenue from certain divested GE businesses as Global Client revenue as of the dates of divestiture. Such reclassifications for 2018 are reflected in the revenue results and growth rates presented in the table above.

## Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 Compared to the Three Months Ended March 31, 2018

*Net revenues*. Our net revenues were \$809.2 million in the first quarter of 2019, up \$120.3 million, or 17.5%, from \$688.9 million in the first quarter of 2018. The growth in our net revenues was driven primarily by an increase in business process outsourcing, or BPO, services, in particular revenues from our transformation services, delivered to Global Clients and GE, and incremental revenue from acquisitions completed after the first quarter of 2018. Adjusted for foreign exchange, primarily the impact of changes in the value of the euro and the U.K. pound sterling against the U.S. dollar, our net revenues grew 19% compared to the first quarter of 2018 on a constant currency basis. Revenue growth on a constant currency basis is a non-GAAP measure. We provide information about our revenue growth on a constant currency basis so that our revenue may be viewed without the impact of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, thereby facilitating period-to-period comparisons of our business performance. Total net revenues on a constant currency basis are calculated by restating current-period activity using the prior fiscal period's foreign currency exchange rates and adjusted for hedging gains/losses.

Our average headcount increased by 12.8% to approximately 87,000 in the first quarter of 2019 from approximately 77,100 in the first quarter of 2018.

			Percentage Change	
	Three month	March 31,	Increase/(Decrease)	
	 2018		2019	2019 vs. 2018
	(dollars	in milli	ons)	
Global Clients:				
BPO services	\$ 540.2	\$	604.9	12.0 %
IT services	90.7		95.3	5.1 %
<b>Total net revenues from Global Clients</b>	\$ 630.9	\$	700.2	11.0 %
GE:				
BPO services	33.9		76.4	125.6 %
IT services	24.2		32.6	35.0 %
Total net revenues from GE	\$ 58.0	\$	109.0	87.8 %
Total net revenues from BPO services	574.1		681.3	18.7 %
Total net revenues from IT services	114.9		127.9	11.4 %
Total net revenues	\$ 688.9	\$	809.2	17.5 %

Net revenues from Global Clients in the first quarter of 2019 were \$700.2 million, up \$69.3 million, or 11.0%, from \$630.9 million in the first quarter of 2018. This increase was primarily driven by growth in several of our verticals, including high tech, life sciences, consumer packaged goods and infrastructure, manufacturing and services. As a percentage of total net revenues, net revenues from Global Clients decreased from 91.6% in the first quarter of 2018 to 86.5% in the first quarter of 2019.

Net revenues from GE in the first quarter of 2019 were \$109.0 million, up \$51.0 million, or 87.8%, from the first quarter of 2018 driven by a full quarter of services delivered in connection with a large new contract signed in second half of 2018, as well as an increase in transformation services project engagements in the first quarter of 2019. Net revenues from GE increased as a percentage of our total net revenues from 8.4% in the first quarter of 2018 to 13.5% in the first quarter of 2019.

Net revenues from BPO services in the first quarter of 2019 were \$681.3 million, up \$107.2 million, or 18.7%, from \$574.1 million in the first quarter of 2018. This increase was primarily attributable to an increase in services, in particular transformation services, delivered to clients primarily in connection with large new contracts signed in 2018. Net revenues from IT services were \$127.9 million in the first quarter of 2019, up \$13.1 million, or 11.4%, from \$114.9 million in the first quarter of 2018.

Net revenues from BPO services as a percentage of total net revenues increased to 84.2% in the first quarter of 2019 from 83.3% in the first quarter of 2018, with a corresponding decline in the percentage of total net revenues attributable to IT services.

Cost of revenue and gross margin. The following table sets forth the components of our cost of revenue and the resulting gross margin:

		Three Months	Ended	March 31,	As a Percentage of Total Net Revenues					
	<u></u>	2018		2019	2018		2019			
		(dollars in millions)								
Personnel expenses	\$	310.1	\$	380.2	45.0	%	47.0 %			
Operational expenses		121.4		119.8	17.6		14.8			
Depreciation and amortization		12.8		19.1	1.9		2.4			
Cost of revenue	\$	444.3	\$	519.1	64.5	%	64.2 %			
Gross margin		35.5 %	,	35.8 %						

Cost of revenue was \$519.1 million in the first quarter of 2019, up \$74.8 million, or 16.8%, from the first quarter of 2018. Wage inflation, increases in our operational headcount, including in the number of onshore personnel – in particular for transformation services delivery – and higher stock-based compensation expense contributed to the increase in cost of revenue, offset by improved utilization of transformation services resources in the first quarter of 2019 compared to the first quarter of 2018.

Our gross margin increased from 35.5% in the first quarter of 2018 to 35.8% in the first quarter of 2019, driven primarily by improved utilization of transformation services resources, the favorable impact of foreign exchange, in particular between the U.S. dollar and Indian rupee, and improved operating leverage, partially offset by incremental costs associated with stock-based compensation.

*Personnel expenses*. Personnel expenses as a percentage of total net revenues increased from 45.0% in the first quarter of 2018 to 47.0% in the first quarter of 2019. Personnel expenses in the first quarter of 2019 were \$380.2 million, up \$70.1 million, or 22.6%, from \$310.1 million in the first quarter of 2018. The impact of wage inflation, an approximately 8,600-person, or 13.2%, net increase in our operational headcount, including an increase in the number of onshore personnel – in particular for transformation services delivery – and higher stock-based compensation expense resulted in higher personnel expenses in the first quarter of 2019 compared to the first quarter of 2018.

*Operational expenses.* Operational expenses as a percentage of total net revenues decreased from 17.6% in the first quarter of 2018 to 14.8% in the first quarter of 2019, largely due to improved operational efficiencies. Operational expenses in the first quarter of 2019 were \$119.8 million, down \$1.6 million, or 1.3%, from the first quarter of 2018 primarily due to lower communication costs, partially offset by higher travel and onshore infrastructure expenses.

Depreciation and amortization expenses. Depreciation and amortization expenses as a percentage of total net revenues increased from 1.9% in the first quarter of 2018 to 2.4% in the first quarter of 2019. Depreciation and amortization expenses as a component of cost of revenue were \$19.1 million, up \$6.3 million, or 49.3%, from the first quarter of 2018. This increase was primarily due to the expansion of certain existing facilities and new assets, including technology-related intangible assets acquired after the first quarter of 2018.

*Selling, general and administrative expenses.* The following table sets forth the components of our selling, general and administrative, or SG&A, expenses:

	 Three Months En	ded Marc	ch 31,	As a Percentage of Total Net Revenues			
	 2018	2019		2018	2019		
	(dollars in n	nillions)					
Personnel expenses	\$ 128.1	\$	142.5	18.6 %	17.6 %		
Operational expenses	40.4		46.2	5.9	5.7		
Depreciation and amortization	2.7		2.7	0.4	0.3		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 171.1	\$	191.4	24.8 %	23.7 %		

SG&A expenses as a percentage of total net revenues decreased from 24.8% in the first quarter of 2018 to 23.7% in the first quarter of 2019. SG&A expenses were \$191.4 million, up \$20.3 million, or 11.9%, from the first quarter of 2018. This \$20.3 million increase was primarily due to wage inflation, increased stock-based compensation and an increase in marketing expenses and was partially offset by efficient functional spending in the first quarter of 2019. Our sales and marketing expenses as a percentage of total net revenues in the first quarter of 2019 were approximately 7%, in line with the first quarter of 2018.

*Personnel expenses.* As a percentage of total net revenues, personnel expenses decreased from 18.6% in the first quarter of 2018 to 17.6% in the first quarter of 2019. This decrease was primarily due to improved operating leverage and cost efficiency initiatives in certain support functions. Personnel expenses as a component of SG&A expenses were \$142.5 million, up \$14.4 million, or 11.3%, from the first quarter of 2018. This increase is primarily due to wage inflation and higher stock-based compensation expense in the first quarter of 2019 compared to the first quarter of 2018.

*Operational expenses.* As a percentage of total net revenues, operational expenses decreased from 5.9% in the first quarter of 2018 to 5.7% in the first quarter of 2019. Operational expenses as a component of SG&A expenses were \$46.2 million, up \$5.8 million, or 14.4%, from the first quarter of 2018. This increase was primarily due to higher sales and marketing expenses in the first quarter of 2019 compared to the first quarter of 2018. These increases were partially offset by efficient functional spending in the first quarter of 2019.

Depreciation and amortization. As a percentage of total net revenues, depreciation and amortization expenses decreased from 0.4% in the first quarter of 2018 to 0.3% in the first quarter of 2019. Depreciation and amortization expenses as a component of SG&A expenses were \$2.7 million in the first quarter of 2019, unchanged from the first quarter of 2018.

Amortization of acquired intangibles. Non-cash charges on account of the amortization of acquired intangibles were \$8.5 million in the first quarter of 2019, down \$1.4 million, or 14.4%, from the first quarter of 2018. This decrease was primarily due to the completion of useful lives of intangibles acquired in prior periods, partially offset by the amortization of intangibles acquired after the first quarter of 2018.

Other operating (income) expense, net. The following table sets forth the components of other operating (income) expense, net:

					Percentage Change		
		Three Months En	rch 31,	Increase/(Decrease)			
	2018 2019				2019 vs. 2018		
		(dollars in n	nillions)				
Other operating (income) expense	\$	(0.2)	\$	0.1	(139.5) %		
Other operating (income) expense, net	\$	(0.2)	\$	0.1	(139.5) %		
Other operating (income) expense, net as a percentage of							
total net revenues		— %		— %			

Other operating income, net of expense, was \$0.1 million in the first quarter of 2019, compared to \$(0.2) million in the first quarter of 2018.

*Income from operations*. As a result of the foregoing factors, income from operations as a percentage of total net revenues increased from 9.3% in the first quarter of 2018 to 11.1% in the first quarter of 2019. Income from operations increased by \$26.3 million to \$90.1 million in the first quarter of 2019 from \$63.8 million in the first quarter of 2018.

Foreign exchange gains (losses), net. Foreign exchange gains (losses), net represents the impact of the re-measurement of our non-functional currency assets and liabilities and related foreign exchange contracts. We recorded a net foreign exchange loss of \$3.4 million in the first quarter of 2019, compared to an exchange gain of \$4.8 million in the first quarter of 2018. The gain/loss in the first quarters of 2018 and 2019, respectively, resulted primarily from the depreciation/appreciation, respectively, of the Indian rupee against the U.S. dollar during such quarters.

*Interest income (expense)*, net. The following table sets forth the components of interest income (expense), net:

				Percentage Change		
	 Three Months	Ended M	Iarch 31,	Increase/(Decrease)		
	 2018		2019	2019 vs. 2018		
	(dollars	in millio	ns)			
Interest income	\$ 3.4	\$	1.8	(47.7) %		
Interest expense	(11.5)		(12.9)	12.4		
Interest income (expense), net	\$ (8.1)	\$	(11.1)	37.3 %		
Interest income (expense), net as a percentage of total net revenues	(1.2) %	 0	(1.4) %			

Our net interest expense increased by \$3.0 million in the first quarter of 2019 compared to the first quarter of 2018, primarily due to a \$1.4 million increase in interest expense and a \$1.6 million decrease in interest income. The increase in interest expense is primarily due to (i) an increase in LIBOR, resulting in higher interest expense on the term loan under our LIBOR-linked credit facility, partially offset by higher gains on interest rate swaps in the first quarter of 2019 compared to the first quarter of 2018, which we discuss in the section titled "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Financial Condition" below, and (ii) higher drawdown on our revolving credit facility in the first quarter of 2019 compared to the first quarter of 2018. Our interest income decreased by \$1.6 million in the first quarter of 2019 compared to the first quarter of 2018, primarily due to lower account balances in India, where we earn higher interest rates on our deposits than in other jurisdictions where we have deposits. The weighted average rate of interest on our debt, including the net impact of interest rate swaps, increased from 3.1% in the first quarter of 2018 to 3.4% in the first quarter of 2019.

Other income (expense), net. The following table sets forth the components of other income (expense), net:

	Three months ended March 31,				Percentage Change Increase/(Decrease)		
		2018		2019	2019 vs. 2018		
		(dollars	in millior	ıs)			
Government incentives	\$	15.5	\$	4.0	(74.3)	%	
Other income/(expense)		0.1		(0.2)	(448.2)		
Other income (expense), net	\$	15.6	\$	3.8	(75.5)	%	
Other income (expense), net as a percentage of total net revenues		2.3	%	0.5 %			
Het revenues		2.5	/0	0.5 /0			

Our net other income was \$3.8 million in the first quarter of 2019, down \$11.8 million from net other income of \$15.6 million in the first quarter of 2018. This decrease is primarily due to lower income recorded in connection with an export subsidy in the first quarter of 2019 compared to the first quarter of 2018. This subsidy was introduced under the Foreign Trade Policy of India to encourage the export of specified services from India and is currently available for eligible export services through March 31, 2019.

*Income tax expense.* Our income tax expense was \$18.5 million in the first quarter of 2019, up from \$12.1 million in the first quarter of 2018, representing an effective tax rate, or ETR, of 23.3%, up from 15.7% in the first quarter of 2018. The increase in our effective tax rate is primarily due to the expiration of certain special economic zone benefits in India in 2019, partially offset by certain discrete tax benefits recorded in the first quarter of 2018.

*Net income attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest.* Non-controlling interest primarily refers to the loss associated with the redeemable non-controlling interest in the operations of SSE, which we acquired in the first quarter of 2016. We purchased the remaining share of the outstanding equity interest in SSE in the first quarter of 2018.

*Net income attributable to Genpact Limited shareholders.* As a result of the foregoing factors, net income attributable to our common shareholders as a percentage of total net revenues was 7.5% in the first quarter of 2019, down from 9.4% in the first quarter of 2018. Net income attributable to our common shareholders decreased by \$3.8 million, from \$64.7 million in the first quarter of 2018 to \$60.9 million in the first quarter of 2019.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

#### Overview

Information about our financial position as of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019 is presented below:

	As of	December 31, 2018	As of March 31, 2019	Percentage Change Increase/(Decrease)
		(dollars in mill	2019 vs. 2018	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	368.4 \$	325.4	(11.7) %
Short-term borrowings		295.0	320.0	8.5
Long-term debt due within one year		33.5	34.0	1.6
Long-term debt other than the current portion		975.6	966.9	w(0.9)
Genpact Limited total shareholders' equity	\$	1,404.2 \$	1,495.2	6.5 %

## **Financial Condition**

We have historically financed our operations and our expansion, including acquisitions, with cash from operations and borrowing facilities.

On February 7, 2019, our board of directors approved a 13% increase in our quarterly cash dividend to \$0.085 per share, up from \$0.075 per share in 2018, representing a planned annual dividend of \$0.34 per common share, up from \$0.30 per common share in 2018, payable to holders of our common shares. On March 20, 2019, we paid a dividend of \$0.085 per share, amounting to \$16.1 million in the aggregate, to shareholders of record as of March 8, 2019.

As of March 31, 2019, \$322.8 million of our \$325.4 million in cash and cash equivalents was held by our foreign (non-Bermuda) subsidiaries. \$59.9 million of this cash is held by foreign subsidiaries for which we expect to incur and have accrued a deferred tax liability on the repatriation of \$25.0 million of retained earnings. \$262.9 million of the cash and cash equivalents is held by foreign subsidiaries in jurisdictions where no tax is expected to be imposed upon repatriation of retained earnings or is being indefinitely reinvested.

As of December 31, 2016, our board of directors had authorized repurchases of up to \$750.0 million of our common shares under our existing share repurchase program established in February 2015. On February 10, 2017, our board of directors approved up to an additional \$500.0 million in share repurchases, bringing the total authorization under our existing program to \$1,250.0 million. Since the date our share repurchase program was initially authorized in 2015, we have repurchased shares amounting to approximately \$946 million, representing 36,631,068 common shares, including common shares repurchased under our 2017 accelerated share repurchase program, at an average price of \$25.82 per share.

During the three months ended March 31, 2019, we did not repurchase any of our common shares. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, we repurchased 3,015,999 of our common shares on the open market at a weighted average price of \$31.82 per share for an aggregate cash amount of \$96 million, and we received a final delivery of 163,975 common shares upon the settlement of the transaction under our 2017 accelerated share repurchase program. All repurchased shares were retired.

For additional information, see Note 17—"Capital stock" under Part I, Item 1—"Financial Statements" above.

We expect that in the future our cash from operations, cash reserves and debt capacity will be sufficient to finance our operations, our growth and expansion plans, dividend payments and additional share repurchases we may make under our share repurchase program. In addition, we may raise additional funds through public or private debt or equity financings. Our working capital needs are primarily to finance our payroll and other administrative and information technology expenses in advance of the receipt of accounts receivable. Our primary capital requirements include opening new delivery centers, expanding related operations to support our growth, financing acquisitions and enhancing capabilities, including building digital solutions.

Cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities, as reflected in our consolidated statements of cash flows, are summarized in the following table:

				Percentage Change		
	 Three months ended	Marcl	1 31,	Increase/(Decrease)		
	 2018	2019	2019 vs. 2018			
	(dollars in mill					
Net cash provided by (used for)						
Operating activities	\$ (27.3)	\$	(5.4)	(80.2) %		
Investing activities	(27.7)		(26.8)	(3.1)		
Financing activities	(26.5)		(5.9)	(78.0)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (81.5)	\$	(38.1)	(53.3) %		

Cash flows from (used for) operating activities. Net cash used for operating activities was \$5.4 million in the three months ended March 31, 2019, compared to \$27.3 million in the three months ended March 31, 2018. This reduction in cash outflow is primarily due to a \$24.8 million net benefit from non-cash items in the first quarter of 2019 compared to the first quarter of 2018, mainly driven by a reduction in non-cash income from an export subsidy and higher stock-based compensation expense, partially offset by lower net income of \$3.1 million.

Cash flows from (used for) investing activities. Our net cash used for investing activities was \$26.8 million in the three months ended March 31, 2019, which is largely unchanged from \$27.7 million in the three months ended March 31, 2018, and was primarily for capital expenditures to support our growing operations. We made payments related to acquisitions totaling \$6.3 million in the three months ended March 31, 2019 compared to \$4.7 million in the first quarter of 2018. Payments for internally generated intangible assets and purchases of property, plant and equipment (net of sales proceeds) were \$2.4 million lower in the first quarter of 2019 than in the first quarter of 2018.

Cash flows from (used for) financing activities. Our net cash used for financing activities was \$5.9 million in the three months ended March 31, 2019, compared to \$26.5 million in the three months ended March 31, 2018. We made principal repayments pertaining to capital/finance lease obligations of \$1.8 million and \$0.5 million in the first quarter of 2019 and 2018, respectively. We made principal repayments of \$8.5 million on our long-term debt in the first quarter of 2019 compared to \$10.0 million in the first quarter of 2018. We received proceeds from short-term borrowings of \$50.0 million and \$105.0 million in the first quarter of 2019 and 2018, respectively. Of the short term borrowings, we also repaid \$25.0 million during the first quarter of 2019. For additional information, see Notes 11 and 12 to our consolidated financial statements. Additionally, proceeds in connection with the issuance of common shares under stock-based compensation plans (net of repayments) were \$3.9 million in the first quarter of 2019 compared to repayments (net of proceeds) of \$9.1 million in the first quarter of 2018. Payments related to earn-out or deferred consideration were \$6.9 million higher in the first quarter of 2019 than in the first quarter of 2018. Payments for share repurchases were \$96.0 million in the first quarter of 2018.

## Financing Arrangements

In June 2015, we refinanced our 2012 credit facility through a new credit facility (the "2015 Facility"), comprised of a term loan of \$800 million and a revolving credit facility of \$350 million.

In August 2018, we amended the 2015 Facility. The amended facility is comprised of a \$680.0 million term loan, which represents the outstanding balance under the 2015 facility as of the date of amendment, and a \$500.0 million revolving credit facility. The amended facility expires on August 8, 2023. The amendment did not result in a substantial modification of \$550.8 million of the outstanding term loan under the 2015 Facility. Further, as a result of the amendment, we extinguished the outstanding term loan under the 2015 Facility of \$129.2 million and obtained additional funding of \$129.2 million from different lenders, resulting in no change to the outstanding principal of the term loan under the amended facility. In connection with the amendment, we expensed \$2.0 million, representing partial

acceleration of the amortization of the existing unamortized debt issuance costs and an additional fee paid to our lenders related to the term loan.

The overall borrowing capacity under the revolving facility increased from \$350.0 million to \$500.0 million. The remaining unamortized costs and an additional third party fee paid in connection with the amendment will be amortized over the term of the amended facility, which terminates on August 8, 2023. For additional information, see Note 12—"Long-Term Debt" under Part I, Item 1—"Financial Statements."

Borrowings under the amended facility bear interest at a rate equal to, at our election, either LIBOR plus an applicable margin equal to 1.375% per annum, compared to a margin of 1.50% under the 2015 facility, or a base rate plus an applicable margin equal to 0.375% per annum, compared to a margin of 0.50% under the 2015 facility, in each case subject to adjustment based on our debt ratings provided by Standard & Poor's Rating Services and Moody's Investors Service, Inc. Based on our election and current credit rating, the applicable interest rate is equal to LIBOR plus 1.375% per annum.

As of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, our outstanding term loan, net of debt amortization expense of \$2.2 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, was \$660.8 million and \$652.5 million, respectively. We also have fund-based and non-fund based credit facilities with banks, which are available for operational requirements in the form of overdrafts, letters of credit, guarantees and short-term loans. As of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, the limits available under such facilities were \$14.3 million and \$14.4 million, respectively, of which \$7.4 million and \$6.9 million, respectively, was utilized, constituting non-funded drawdown. As of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, a total of \$297.1 million and \$322.1 million, respectively, of our revolving credit facility was utilized, of which \$295.0 million and \$320.0 million, respectively, constituted funded drawdown and \$2.1 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, constituted non-funded drawdown.

As of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, the amount outstanding under 3.70% senior notes issued in March 2017 and exchanged in July 2018 for freely tradable notes registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, net of debt amortization expense of \$1.7 million and \$1.6 million, was \$348.3 million and 348.4 million, respectively, which is payable on April 1, 2022 when the notes mature. For additional information, see Notes 11 and 12 — "Short-term borrowings" and "Long-term debt" under Part I, Item 1—"Financial Statements" above.

## **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

Our off-balance sheet arrangements consist of foreign exchange contracts and certain operating leases. For additional information, see Part I, Item 1A —Risk Factors—"Currency exchange rate fluctuations in various currencies in which we do business, especially the Indian rupee, the euro and the U.S. dollar, could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018, the section titled "Contractual Obligations" below, and Note 7 in Part I, Item 1—"Financial Statements" above.

## **Contractual Obligations**

The following table sets forth our total future contractual obligations as of March 31, 2019:

	Less than									
		Total	1 year 1-3 years		3-5 years			After 5 years		
					(dollars	in millions)				
Long-term debt	\$	1,143.4	\$	72.2	\$	490.3	\$	580.9	\$	_
<ul> <li>Principal payments</li> </ul>		1,004.5		34.0		418.0		552.5		_
— Interest payments*		138.9		38.2		72.3		28.4		_
Short-term borrowings		323.1		323.1		_		_		_
<ul><li>— Principal payments</li></ul>		320.0		320.0		_		_		_
— Interest payments**		3.1		3.1		_		_		_
Finance leases		39.2		9.0		13.5		10.4		6.3
<ul> <li>Principal payments</li> </ul>		31.7		6.5		10.3		8.7		6.2
— Interest payments***		7.5		2.5		3.2		1.7		0.1
Operating leases		382.7		62.8		106.8		82.8		130.3
— Principal payments		294.0		44.5		77.8		62.9		108.8
— Interest payments***		88.7		18.3		29.0		19.9		21.5
Purchase obligations		39.7		30.8		8.8		0.1		_
Capital commitments net of advances		7.5		7.5		_		_		_
Earn-out consideration		7.6		7.4		0.2		_		_
<ul> <li>Reporting date fair value</li> </ul>		7.5		7.3		0.2		_		_
— Interest		0.1		0.1		_		_		_
Other liabilities		60.6		31.8		24.1		4.7		_
Total contractual obligations	\$	2,003.8	\$	544.6	\$	643.7	\$	678.9		\$ 136.6

<sup>\*</sup> Our interest payments on long-term debt are calculated based on our current debt rating at a rate equal to LIBOR plus a margin of 1.375% per annum as of March 31, 2019, which excludes the impact of interest rate swaps. Interest payments on long-term debt include interest on our senior notes due in 2022 at a rate of 3.70% per annum, which is not based on LIBOR.

## Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Recently adopted accounting pronouncements

For a description of recently adopted accounting pronouncements, see Note 2(h)—"Recently issued accounting pronouncements" under Item 1—"Financial Statements" above and Part II, Item 7—"Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations"—"Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

## Recently issued accounting pronouncements

For a description of recently issued accounting pronouncements, see Note 2(h)—"Recently issued accounting pronouncements" under Item 1—"Financial Statements" above and Part II, Item 7—"Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations"—"Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Our interest payments on short-term debt are calculated based on our current debt rating at a rate equal to LIBOR plus a margin of 1.375% per annum as of March 31, 2019 and our expectation for the repayment of such debt.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Our interest payments on finance lease and operating lease are based on the incremental borrowing rate prevailing in different geographies.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are exposed to interest rate risk arising from changes in interest rates on the floating rate indebtedness under our term loan and 3.70% senior notes issued in March 2017. Borrowings under our term loan bear interest at floating rates based on LIBOR, but in no event less than the floor rate of 0.0% plus an applicable margin. The interest rate on our 3.70% senior notes is subject to adjustment based on the ratings assigned to the notes by Moody's and S&P from time to time. A decline in such ratings could result in an increase of up to 2% in the rate of interest on the notes. Accordingly, fluctuations in market interest rates or decline in ratings may increase or decrease our interest expense which will, in turn, increase or decrease our net income and cash flow.

We manage a portion of our interest rate risk related to floating rate indebtedness by entering into interest rate swaps under which we receive floating rate payments based on the greater of LIBOR and the floor rate under our term loan and make payments based on a fixed rate. As of March 31, 2019, we were party to interest rate swaps covering a total notional amount of \$499.9 million. Under these swap agreements, the rate that we pay to banks in exchange for LIBOR ranges between 0.88% and 2.65%.

For a discussion of our market risk associated with foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and credit risk, see Part II, Item 7A—"Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

## **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Disclosure controls and procedures are the Company's controls and other procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act") is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

As of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer along with the Company's Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to the Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(b). Based upon that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer along with the Company's Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information relating to the Company (including its consolidated subsidiaries) required to be included in the Company's periodic SEC filings.

#### Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the quarterly period ended March 31, 2019 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

There are no legal proceedings pending against us that we believe are likely to have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

We have disclosed under the heading "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 the risk factors that materially affect our business, financial condition or results of operations. You should carefully consider the risk factors set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 and the other information that appears elsewhere in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 and in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. You should be aware that these risk factors and other information may not describe every risk facing our Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or results of operations.

#### Item 2. Unregistered Sale of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

## **Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities**

None.

## Use of Proceeds

None.

#### Purchase of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers

We did not repurchase any of our common shares during the three months ended March 31, 2019. Approximately \$304 million remained available for share repurchases under our existing share repurchase program as of that date.

In February 2017, our board of directors authorized a \$500 million increase in our existing \$750 million share repurchase program, bringing the total authorization under our existing program to \$1.25 billion. This repurchase program does not obligate us to acquire any specific number of shares and does not specify an expiration date. All shares repurchased under the plan have been cancelled. For additional information, see note 17 to our consolidated financial statements.

## Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1	Memorandum of Association of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Amendment No. 2 of the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-142875) filed with the SEC on July 16, 2007).
3.2	Bye-laws of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to Amendment No. 4 of the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-142875) filed with the SEC on August 1, 2007).
10.1	Borrower Assignment & Assumption and Amendment Agreement, dated as of January 17, 2019, by and among Genpact International, LLC (formerly Genpact International, Inc.), as the assignor, Genpact USA, Inc., as the assignee, Genpact Global Holdings (Bermuda) Limited, Genpact Luxembourg S.à r.l., the Company, the lenders party thereto and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as administrative agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.26 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 001-33626) filed with the SEC on March 1, 2019).
10.2†	Genpact Limited 2017 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan (as amended and restated on April 5, 2019) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1 to the Registrant's Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A (File No. 001-33626) filed with the SEC on April 10, 2019).
31.1*	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2*	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1*	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2*	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document (1)
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document (1)
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document (1)
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document (1)
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document (1)
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document (1)

<sup>\*</sup> Filed with this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

<sup>†</sup> Indicates a management contract or compensatory plan, contract or arrangement in which any director or executive officer participates.

<sup>(1)</sup> Filed as Exhibit 101 to this report are the following documents formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Income for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, (iv) Consolidated Statements of Equity and Redeemable Non-controlling Interest for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, and (vi) Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: May 10, 2019

GENPACT LIMITED

By: /s/ N.V. TYAGARAJAN

N.V. Tyagarajan Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ EDWARD J. FITZPATRICK

Edward J. Fitzpatrick Chief Financial Officer

#### CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER CERTIFICATION

## I, N.V. Tyagarajan, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Genpact Limited for the period ended March 31, 2019, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 10, 2019

/s/ N.V. Tyagarajan

N.V. Tyagarajan

Chief Executive Officer

#### CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER CERTIFICATION

#### I, Edward J. Fitzpatrick, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Genpact Limited for the period ended March 31, 2019, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 10, 2019

/s/ Edward J. Fitzpatrick

Edward J. Fitzpatrick Chief Financial Officer

## Certification of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Genpact Limited (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2019 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, N.V. Tyagarajan, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 10, 2019

/s/ N.V. Tyagarajan

N.V. Tyagarajan Chief Executive Officer

## Certification of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Genpact Limited (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2019 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Edward J. Fitzpatrick, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 10, 2019

/s/ Edward J. Fitzpatrick

Edward J. Fitzpatrick Chief Financial Officer Genpact Limited